the arrive of new succ estro stayments of Swe made founds suites and corner te des contrats provide sull house selective succes

Volume 7, Number 1994

AMMAN, TUESDAY JUNE 22, 1982 – RAMADAN 1, 1402

Price: Jordan 100 fils; Syria 1 pound; Lebanon 1 pound; Saudi Arabia 1.50 rivals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence

tamadan starts today

MMAN (J.T.) - The chief qadi islamic justice) announced Monay evening the sighting of the amadan crescent, which indiates that Tuesday, June 22 will be ne first day of Ramadan, the Musm fasting month. On Saturday, amman governor issued instrucons to restaurants and bars by hich restaurants will only operte for home delivery in the day, nd open as normal two hours efore the time of ifter in the evenig. Bars will close during the nonth and five-star hotels will nly be allowed to sell alcoholic rinks to residents. Tourists may sceive meals at hotels and restouses but eating and smoking ill be forbidden in the streets and avelling vehicles. Government epartments will be open between :00 a.m. and 1:30 p.m.

LO official neets Arab envoys

MMAN (Petra) — Palestine iberation Organisation (PLO) executive Committee's repesentative in Jordan, Brig.-Gen. abdul Razzaq Al Yahya met in amman on Monday with the Arab mbassadors accredited to Jordan nd reviewed with them a number f political and military topics slated to the situation in Leba-

Lia deplores **Auslim disunity**

SLAMABAD (R) — President Johannad Zia Ul Haq of Pakism Monday blamed Israel's invaon of Lebanon on the lack of nity among Muslim nations and tid they should join forces to ght_back. The president, who. alled the Lebanese situation the greatest tragedy' now cononting Islamic countries, said "it at the Muslim vorld should forget its difrences and face and fight the raeli expansionism and aggres-

ndian Communist in residential contest

IEW DELHI (R) - India's pposition parties Monday anounced they had picked lirendra Nath Mukherjee, a 4-year-old Communist and vetran parliamentarian, as their omince for the presidency. The. . residential election is due on July 2 to elect a successor to retiring resident Neelam Sanjiva Reddy. en Communist and noncommunist opposition parties amed their common candidate fter talks with Prime Minister wira Gandhi's ruling Congress 1) party on a consensus nominee riled. Mrs. Gandhi's party, which as yet to name its candidate, has a ajority in parliament and 17 of idia's 22 state assemblies which ill together elect the new preslent. Its nominee is assured of

Charles, Diana eget a boy

ONDON (R) - The Princess of /ales Monday gave birth to a boy, ho will be second in line to the ritish throne, Buckingham alace announced. The palace nd the seven pound, 1-1/2 ounce 1.2-kilogramme) baby was born : 2103 hours local time (2003 iMT). Both the 20-year-old rincess and her child were doing ell, it said.

Hondurans hold V.Ireland 1-1

ARAGOZA, Spain (R) londuras, outsiders of Group ive again surprised more fanied rivals in the World Cup here fonday, holding Northern Ireand to at 1-1 draw. The Central Americans, who achieved a simiar result against Spain last week, ecovered from falling behind to a inth-minute goal and now stand econd in the group. Hondurss's nero was striker Eduardo Laing ho came on as a substitute and rith just about his first touch of ne ball in the 60th minute headed londuras level.

The second second

His Majesty King Hussein Monday visits a wounded fighter of the Palestine Liberation Army who fought the Israeli invasion forces in Lebanon (Petra photo)

King visits PLA fighters wounded in Lebanon

AMMAN (Petra) - His Majesty their health. He also praised their King Hussein accompanied by Jordanian Armed Forces Commander-in-Chief Lt.-Gen. Sharif Zaid Ibn Shaker Monday visited the hospital of the Palestine Liberation Army (PLA) in Amman, to console the wounded who sustained injuries during the

Israeli invasion of Lebanon. The King inquired about the conditions of the wounded, spoke to them and was reassured about norms. He also heard an expla-

courage and that of their Palestinian and Lebanese brothers in confronting the Israeli invasion

King Hussein also met with the PLA commander in Jordan, Col. Na'im Al Khatib, doctors and staff of the hospital and was briefed on the inhuman practices of the invading Israell forces, which have ignored all international laws and

nation on the sufferings of the wounded and the innocent civilians during the invasion.

Col. Khatib praised the Jordanian leader, government and people for supporting the Palestimian people and their resistance of the Israeli invasion forces as well as the various facilities rendered to enable Jordanian volunteers to perform their duty in the best possible manner.

OIC welcomes Iraqi decision to withdraw forces from Iran

BAHRAIN (Agencies) — The welcomed Irag's announcement month-old conflict. of an conditional withdrawal of its Envoys from the committee

In a statement issued at its headquarters in Jeddah, the OIC said Monday that the Iraqi decision, announced Sunday night by President Saddam Hussein, was "a positive step."

An OlC peace committee, which has been trying inconclusively to end the fighting, would continue consultations with the two warring Islamic nations to bring their views closer to achieve the desired settlement," it

It did not say whether the nine-man group, which is headed

by Guinean President Ahmad 43-member Organisation of Sekou Toure, would launch any Islamic Conference (OIC) has new initiative to end the 21-

troops from Iranian territory, say- have visited the warring capitals ing it will help the OIC's attempts on several occasions since the find a peaceful solution to the committee was established 18 earlier this month.

Arab League Secretary-General Chadli Klibi sent a message to President Hussein praising his "hrave" decision to withdraw Iraqi troops from Iran.

Decision with Iran

The unconditional withdrawal of the Iraqi army from Iranian territory means that the decision on whether the 21-month-old Gulf war will continue rests with Iran. Middle East analysts say that as far as Iraq is concerned, the war is

Iran's immediate response has been to fight on, saying the withdrawal is only one of its conditions for ending the war.

The others are hillions of dollars in war damages, punishment of the "aggressor," the return bome right to send Iranian troops across Iraq to fight Israeli forces in Leba-

But the analysts said that the Iraqi withdrawal could greatly reduce the options available to Iran for putting pressure on President Hussein's government.

Iranian motives

The Iranian's main motive for fighting and their prime justification in the eyes of the world

(Continued on page 3)

Rome reels back from financial panic as Banco Ambrosiano probes continue

ROME (R) - The Italian goveriment tried to head off a financial panie Monday following the apparent suicide of the former head of Italy's biggest private hanking group, Banco Ambrosiano, whose dealings are being investigated.

The Bank of Italy has named a three-man commission to run the Ambrosiano bank and said its affairs were proceeding normally. They replaced a provisional

commissioner appointed on June 17 after a crisis was sparked by the disappearance of Roberto Calvi. 61, its former president. His body was found last Friday hanging from a bridge over the River Thames near London's financial district. An autopsy report is expected later.

The central bank said in a statement: "The aim of the measures taken is to safeguard the interests of depositors and to guarantee the regular administration of the bank's affairs."

Bank of Italy sources said the action was aimed at preventing the spread of panic in financial markets, which have been stunned by the scandal.

In the week since Mr. Calvi disappeared from his Rome flat, Bank of Italy inspectors have begun a detailed investigation of Amhrosiano's affairs, including questionable foreign loans by overseas subsidiaries amounting to about \$1.4 hillion.

Bank of Italy officials declined to confirm the figure, which the financial press here said was con-

tained in a letter from the central bank to Mr. Calvi. But sources close to the bank indicated the figure was correct.

Mr. Calvi was due to appear in a Milan court Monday to appeal against a four-year suspended sentence imposed on him last year for currency offences.

During his trial, which upset investors and led to an unprecedented three-day closure of the Milan stock exchange, Mr. Calvi attempted suicide while in jail hut survived.

Last Thursday, the same day that Banco Ambrosiano's board was dissolved, Mr. Calvi's secretary killed berself by jumping from her fourth-floor office win-

Brezhnev: U.S. responsible for alarming world tension

MOSCOW (R) - President Leonid Brezhnev Monday said the world situation was alarming and the United States was the prime source of international tension.

Speaking at a meeting with Portuguese Communist Party leader Alvaro Cunhal, Mr. Brezhnev said Washington was constantly announcing new arms programmes embracing nuclear, chemical and conventional weapons.

"American strategists openly state their striving for the establishment of world begemony by the United States," Mr. Brezhnev, quoted by TASS news agency,

At the United Nations, Soviet into Western Europe.

Foreign Minister Andrei Grnmyko said Monday the Reagan administration in the United States was "being very successful in destroying the bridges built between the two

sides" over many years. "Where it sees some little bridge still in existence between the two sides, it immediately decides to throw a bomh at it and destroy that bridge too," he told a rare news conference.

Mr. Gromyko was responding to a question about the latest U.S. attempt to bar the export of American technology for the construction of a Soviet gas pipeline

FBI says IRA arms plot foiled

NEW YORK (R) — U.S. federal agents said Monday they had smashed a plot by the Provisional wing nf the Irish Republican Army (IRA) to huy five surfaceto-air missiles for use against British helicopters in Northern Ire-

Kenneth Walton, deputy director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) office here, said two. men were arrested in their New York homes early Monday and charged with trying to buy weapons and five SAM missiles from undercover FBI agents.

Mr. Walton said that as a result of a separate investigation the FBI had arrested two IRA men seeking to ship nearly four dozen rifles and submachine guns

Israel intensifies attack on Beirut

BEIRUT (Agencies) — Israeli forces besieging Beirut Monday subjected the city to its heaviest bombardment for a week as political efforts to resolve the two-week-old invasion crisis showed no signs of progress.

The Israelis, charging that opposite West Beirut's Com-Palestinian commandos holed. up in the capital had fired first, opened up with land and naval artillery fire sbortly after midnight, raking targets from the southern suburbs to central West Beirut.

The Palestine news agency WAFA said the Israelis had started the shooting to cover attempts to advance south and sontheast of Beirut. Palestinian forces responded with a limited barrage to prevent these moves, it

added. WAFA said Israeli artillery shells scored direct hits on the Palestinian Acre Hospital in south Beirut, killing two people and wounding 13, five of them chil-

The incoming barrage, in which one shell hit a building

modore Hotel, home to most of the foreign press corps here. appeared to taper off around mid-The official Soviet news agency

TASS said gunfire from Israeli forces damaged the Soviet embassy in Beirut, but it did not say if there were any casualties. "The Israeli government, which is flouting generally-recognised international legal norms, bears full responsibility for such criminal actions by Israeli troops which have intruded in the territory of Lehanon," TASS said.

Syrian warning

Syria said war could break out in the Middle East at any moment because of what it called U.S.-Israeli intervention in Lebanon.

issued after a long cabinet meeting on the crisis in Lebanon, coincided with reports that Syrian troops had been involved in clashes with Israeli forces there after a ceasefire lasting several days.

The statement said the cabinet "affirmed that U.S.-Israeli intervention by direct military force in Lehanon... places the region on the brink of a war which could break out and spread at any moment." WAFA said an Israeli

armoured force was advancing in the mountains east of Beirut near village called Rouaissez en Naamane under cover of intensive artillery and rocket fire. Both Palestinian forces and

Syrian troops in the area were responding to the attack, WAFA The battle was not far from the scene of fierce fighting between Syrian and Israeli forces just south

Israeli invasion With no apparent political solution in view. Monday's renewed

Hesitation to force Israeli withdrawal

of the strategic Beirut-Damascus

highway in the early days of the

The warning, in a statement fighting caused fresh fears of an all-out Israeli attack to flush out the estimated 6,000 Palestinian commandos entrenched in the mainly Muslim western sector of.

> Beirut. Palestinian and Lebanese leftist fighters have thrown up twometre high barricades of sand across streets leading down to the coast road which forms a semieircle around - West Beirut and have blocked parts of the coast road itself.

Political efforts

The Lehanese government has pinned its bopes on a seven-man National Salvation Committee which Sunday brought together leaders of the country's feuding factions for the first time in at least

seven years. Three of the committee members--Prime Minister Shafiq Al Wazzan, leftist National Movement leader Walid Junhlatt and Shi ite Amal militia leader

(Continued on page 3)

Reagan, Begin emphasise common views on

WASHINGTON (R) - President Reagan said after talks with Israeli Prime Minister Menachem Begin Monday that the United States and Israel both sought an end to violence in Lebanon and creation of a strong independent government there.

Lebanon

After more than two-and-a-half hours with the prime minister, Mr. Reagan emphasised their common views in brief remarks to reporters outside the White House.

Striking a similar note, Mr. Begin said Israeli forces would withdraw from Lebanon "as soon" as arrangements are made that never again will our citizens... be attacked, mained and killed by armed hands operating from Lebanon."

Mr. Reagan said: "On Lebanon, it is clear that we and Israel both seek an end to the violence there and a sovereign, independent Lebanon under the authority of a strong central gov-

The president said he and Mr. Begin also agreed "Israel must not he subjected to violence" from the north. He said the United States would continue efforts to achieve this and "the withdrawal of all foreign forces from Lehanon."

The meeting, overshadowed by continued fighting between Israeli forces and Palestinian and Syrian units in Lebanon, opened with no formal welcoming ceremony nr statements.

damages U.S. reputation, Mubarak says CAIRO (R) - Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak said in an interview published Monday that U.S. hesitation over an Israeli withdrawal from Lebanon was badly damaging Washington's reputation in the Arab World. In a television interview with the American Cable News network published in Cairo news-

papers, Mr. Muharak said: "U.S. failure to assert its power over Israel (on the Israeli invasion of Lebanon) has badly damaged America. I told President Reagan in a letter that the U.S. will lose more ground here. He said the United States' main

Middle East economic interests lay with Arab countries "regardless of your relationship with Israel. The Egyptian leader did not

elaborate hut he was understood

the West during the 1973 Middle East war. And apparently referring to the

to be referring to Arab oil that was

used as a successful lever against

Soviet Union, he said the longer Israeli forces remained in Lebanon "You (the U.S.) will lose more ground and the other powers will gain more." U.S. force 'bad idea'

Mr. Mubarak rejected as"a bad

idea" suggestions to send a U.S. force to man the Lehanese-Israeli border. He said he believed the superpowers should not involved in such a force.

"I'm not with the voice of putting American soldiers in Lebanon," he said, adding that he did not think the Soviet Union would move troops in either "... otherwise it will be another disaster."

Asked whether he thought there were similarities between today's Palestinian fighters and the Jewish fighters for Palestine in the mid-1940's, Mr. Mubarak said he considered them "hoth the same...both were searching for

their bomeland." In reply to another question he said he would welcome Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Chairman Yasser Arafat and other PLO leaders in Cairo, if they wanted to settle here.

He said he believed it was difficult under the present circumstances to resume the stalled Palestinian "autonomy" negotiations, adding that Israel was not serious in implementing the Camp David accord in this respect.

"I don't have the impression or the feeling that Israel is going to fulfil it," he added.

Unsatisfactory Israeli reply prompts Europe to consider tough measures

European Economic Community (EEC) will examine tough action against Israel next week after receiving a totally unsatisfactory answer on Israeli intentions in Lebanon, EEC foreign ministers said Monday.

The British and Belgian foreign ministers were speaking to correspondents in Luxembourg Monday after a meeting at which they and their EEC colleagues expressed deep anxiety at the invasion of Lebanon and reiterated calls for an immediate Israeli withdrawal.

British Foreign Secretary Franeis Pym told journalists that the possibility of economic sanctions

against Israel and a ban on arms sales were under consideration. This would be discussed further by EEC leaders at a summit in

Belgian Foreign Minister Leo Tindemans, chairman of the ministerial talks, told a press conference that Israel had given an unsatisfactory response to a list of questions from the community about its future conduct in Leba-

Sharp criticism

The 10 questions put by the community covered such issues as the rights of prisoners under the Geneva Convention and the ability of international aid organisations and journalists to pursue their work.

The EEC asked for assurances that Israel would recognise the sovereignty of Lebanon, respect

LUXEMBOURG (R) — The Brussels on June 28 and 29, he its territorial integrity and that it. would not attack neighbouring countries including Syria or harbour hostile intentions towards the Palestinian people.

While EEC ministers characterised the Israeli response as unsatisfactory, diplomats privately put their views even more sharply. In its four-part answer made

public here, the Israeli government rejected as unacceptable the manner in which the list of questions was put. Israel curtly dismissed any

attempts to put pressure on it through threats or sanctions and said it would be ready to leave Lebanon only when all outside forces-both regular troops and

(Continued on page 3)

Thatcher seeks roots of Falklands conflict

LONDON (R) - After evicting Argentina from its last foothold in the Falkland Islands and its dependencies, British Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher took formal steps Monday towards setting up an official inquiry into the causes of the 10-week conflict.

A small group of Argentines on

the remote island of South Thule.

part of the South Sandwich group

on the edge of the Antarctic, sur-

rendered to British forces over the weekend. Mrs. Thatcher sent formal letters to the leaders of the opposition Labour, Social Democrat, and Liberal parties setting out her

their views. The government did not disclose the form of inquiry Mrs. Thatcher had in mind.

plan for an inquiry and seeking

She is known to want it to cover the history of the dispute with Argentina over the past 20 years rather than the brief run-up to the armed conflict precipitated when Argentine forces seized the Falkland Islands on April 2.

Government sources said the investigation would be set up within days and last several months. They said most nf the inquiry was likely to be held in private because the main issues involved military and other intelligence.

were certain to include Lord Carrington, who quit as foreign secretary three days after Argentine forces overwhelmed the Falklands' small British Marine gar-Lord Carrington was the prime

target of fury in parliament for the

government's failure to foresee

the Argentine action. He resigned

Political sources said witnesses

on what he said at the time was "a matter of honour." Critics said the Foreign Office was alerted by intelligence reports from Latin America that Argentima planned to take action because of slow progress in hilat-

Thatcher to White House

Washington on Wednesday to discuss the Falklands dispute with President Reagan, National Security Adviser William Clark said Monday.

Mr. Clark told a State Department conference on inter-American affairs that President Reagan had Sunday night invited Mrs. Thatcher to the White House for talks and she had accepted.

Buenos Aires leadership

Meanwhile in Buenos Aires, the ruling military junta renewed attempts to break the deadlock. over a successor to President Leopoldo Galtieri, ousted after Argentina's defeat in the Falkland Islands last week.

A government spokesman said army commander Gen. Cristino Nicolaides, navy head Adm. Jorge Anaya and air force chief Brig. Basilio Lami Dozo began a nev round of talks to resolve the leadership crisis sparked by Britain's Mrs. Thateher will visit recapture of the South Atlantic

The junta has been bolding a series of meetings since Friday to decide on a successor to Gen. Galtieri, forced by army pressure to resign the presidency, his army command and his position on the junta following the surrender of Argentine troops on the islands. Gen. Galtieri has been replaced

on the junta and as army commander by Gen. Nicolaides. Former Interior Minister Gen. Alfredo Saint Jean is acting as interim president. The independent news agency

Noticias Argentinas and Conviccion, a daily newspaper with close links to the navy, said Argentina's ambassador to Venezuela, Juan Ramon Aguirre Lanari, was a likely choice for president should the junta fail to agree on a military man.

U.S.-L.American ties intact;

Camberra survives battle, page \$

FEATURES

Pictorial test establishes norms for Arab schoolchildren

By Josephine Mushahwar Special to the Jordan Times

AFTER nine strenuous months of computer item analysis and reorganisation of last year's Picture Vocahulary test. Dr. Salma Khammash of the University of Michigan's School of Education. has returned to Amman in order to standardise the test.

tn brief, last year's project (Spring 1981) involved item vatidation of the Arabice Picture Vocabulary Test, adapted and prepared by Dr. Khammash with a team of graphic artists in the United States, designed as a placement and assessment test for Arab students.

The test, which assesses a child's verbal ability, is made up of several plates depicting various things such as household items, human body parts, fruits and vegetables. occupations, emotions, animals and plants. Classical Arabic is used as the test language and the activities are in the gerund form. thus producing concept-trying words

The test last year was administered to a random sample of 1400 students between kindergarten and sixth grade. Ninety per cent of the students were chosen from government schools. This year, however, there were a few modifications to the test. Dr. Khammash told the Jordan Times. "Considering that the present stage is known as the final norming procedure, the items in the test were modified once more in order to benefit the Arah environment," she said.

Several items were also eliminated due to their extreme simplicity or lack of relationship to the Arab environment. This year's test contained 150 items as opposed to 110 items (per form L and M) last year. "After eliminating these items, I combined both forms of the test and reorganised them according to age and difficulty, beginning with age four and-a-half," Dr. Khammash told the Jordan Times.

schools, 10 per cent private schools and United Nations Relief and Works Agency, UNRWA). The test was individually administered to 1200 students between first and third grade and 300 students from kindergarten. "Of course, there were an equal number of girls and boys representing all structures of society throughout the country."

The examiners were a team from the Ministry of Education, some of whom administered last year's test. The team was personally trained by Dr. Khammash, who also supervised the testing procedure.

The final testing has been performed," Dr. Khammash said. Now there remains the final norming process, which includes recording, analysing and developing norms appropriate for stan-dardising the Arabic Picture-Vocabulary Test." She continued saying that this stage involves establishing normalised standard scores, and percentile rank along with age and grade score equivalents. "The test scores are our main interest at present," Dr. Khammash said. "I will return to the University of Michigan to analyse the results with the com-

Going hack a little, Dr. Khammash said that this programme was originally established by the Arah Bilingual Material Development Centre as a joint project with the University of Michigan School of Education. The goal of the centre is to prepare bilingual curriculum materials in social studies, sciences and mathematics for Arab students attending public schools in the U.S. Dr. Khammash then added, After the test is standardised, it may also be administered to other Arab students throughout the

Observations

Dr. Khammash remarked that

several students have bad difficulty identifying simple house-hold items and others were unable to distinguish between concepts. "The reason lies in a lack of awareness of the child's sur-roundings," Dr. Khammash commented. "And I strongly believe that more illust ative or manipulative material should be provided to supplement the lessons." Dr. Khammash added that the size of classes affectes many students. "The classes tend to be overcrowded and this decreases the individual attention the student receives," she said. She suggested The sample this year was that greater attention should be slightly larger, amounting to 1500 paid to the early grades, where the students, (90 per cent government student's abilities may be expanded. Dr. Khammash also discovered during the course of the examination with the team that some students were suffering from slight physical defects, malnutrition and poor eyesight.

> "The curriculum is hased on the Piaget Theory, the discovery approach," she said. The manual has been translated into Arabic and Dr. Khammash hopes that it will be adopted in Jordan and other Arab countries.

Dr. Khammash is also a contributing author for a kindergarten teacher's manual.

Money from non-governmental sources supports UNRWA's relief work

Agency for Palestine Refugees in the Near East (UNRWA) needs large sums of money to keep its education, health and relief services operating, sums on a scale that only governments can pro-

The expansion of UNRWA's vocational training programme, which produces almost 2,000 graduates a year, was partly due to contributions from nongovernmental and other organisations. More than \$4 million contributed by governments and NGOs as a result of World Refugee Year some 25 years ago helped UNRWA expand the capacity of its vocational training programme from 600 places in 1959 to about 4000 in 1963.

vide. But a sometimes unrecognised element in UNRWA's funding is the support provided by private organisations, companies and individuals.

This year, organisations from around the world will give UNRWA almost \$2 million for projects that UNRWA would not be able to undertake on its own. Christian Aid of the U.K., for example, is providing funds to help handicapped refugees prepare themselves full-time work, Oxfam is sponsoring a pilot pro-ject for the disabled and the Gulbenkian Foundation has given money to build a library in Kalandia camp in the West Bank.

Non-governmental organisations (NGOs), also, through their networks of local groups. inform the public in their countries about both UNRWA and the Palestine refugees.

History

When UNRWA began operations in 1950, it took over the work of voluntary organisations which had been providing services to Palestine refugees. Before UNRWA was established the United Nations gave funds to voluntary groups such as the Inter-national Committee of the Red

more productive.

United Nations Relief and Works Cross, the League of Red Cross Societies and the American Friends' Service Committee through United Nations Relief for Palestine Refugees (UNRPR). In 1950 about 30 voluntary agencies were cooperating with UNRWA in providing assistance to the refugees.

Since that time, many nongovernmental organisations and others have continued to help either through UNRWA or through their own programmes for Palestine refugees.

Vocational training

The expansion of UNRWA's vocational training programme, which produces almost 2,000 graduates a year, was partly due to contributions from nongovernmental and other organ-isations. More than \$4 million contributed by governments and NGOs as a result of World Refugee Year some 25 years ago, helped UNRWA expand the capacity of its vocational training programme from 600 places in 1959 to about 4,000 by 1963.

Another major expansion now taking place resulted from a total contribution of \$2.5 million by the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) Fund over the past several years. By the end of the 1982-83 school year, 400 new places will have been added to UNRWA's seven vocational training centres.

A number of voluntary or commercial organisations including Oxfam, the Arabian-American Oil Company, (Aramco), the International Federation of Business and Professional Women and American Women for the Middle East (Naida) assist with the training programme by sponsoring trainees at the centres.

Church contributions

Several church groups also contribute directly or indirectly to UNRWA. The Pontifical Mission for Palestine covers the running costs of the Gaza School for the Blind; the Lutheran World Service runs the Augusta Victoria Hospital in Jerusalem, which looks after about half of all the surgical needs of Palestine refugees in the occupied West Bank (100 of the hospital's beds are subsidised by UNRWA); the Holy Land Christian Mission (U.S.) runs eight kindergartens, six of them in refugee camps in the West Bank, and also a school for orphans and an orthopaedic hospital in Bethlehem; and the American Friends' Service Committee meets the running costs of \$450,000 a year for UNRWA kindergartens in the Gaza Strip.

UNRWA's health-care programme for Palestine refugees has been supported by nongovernmental organisations. For example, Australia's Austcare has been giving financial help for the clinic at Deir Al Balah camp in the Gaza Strip since 1969; Canada's Cansave paid for the huilding of a Rehydration and Nutrition Centre at Khan Younis in the Gaza Strip and continues to provide operating costs; and the Norwegian Refugee Council has raised funds to huild a new clinic at Baqa'a camp in Jordan. Sweden's Radda Barnen, Swiss and German Caritas and others also support individual clinics and health centres through their donations.

Schools

UNRWA's key programme is the elementary and junior secondary education it provides for 340,000 young Palestine refugees. More than half of UNRWA's expenditure goes for education. NGOs such as Cansave, Redd Barna from Norway and Radda Barnen have sponsored children in various schools in Jordan, and Aramco annually contributes about \$60,000 to the general funds of the education prog-

Youth and women

UNRWA has 36 Youth Activities Centres for 6,000 young men in camps throughout Jordan, the West Bank and the Gaza Strip. The Young Men's Christian Association assists UNRWA by providing leadership and sports

UNRWA's bealth-care programme for Palestine refugees has been supported by nongovernmental organisations. For example, Australia's Austcare has been giving financial help for the clinic at Deir Al Balah camp in the Gaza Strip since 1969; Canada's Cansave paid for the building of a rehydration and nutrition centre at Khan Younis in the Gaza Strip and continues to provide operating costs; and the Norwegian Refugee Council has raised funds to build a new clinic at Baqa'a camp in Jordan. Sweden's Radda Barnen, Swiss and German Caritas and others also support individual clinics and health centres throught their

donations.

training and also sponsors summer camps for orphan children. The New Zealand Council of Organisations for Relief, Rehabilitation and Development (CORSO), gives money to run 14 Women's Activities Centres which teach sewing, first aid, household skills, reading and writing to young refugee women.

Other organisations belping through the years have included; Americans for Middle East Rehabilitation, American Near East Refugee Aid, CARE, the Danish Refugee Council, the Finnish Refugee Council, Misereor, the World Council of Churches, the Middle East Couneil of Churches, Universities Edu-

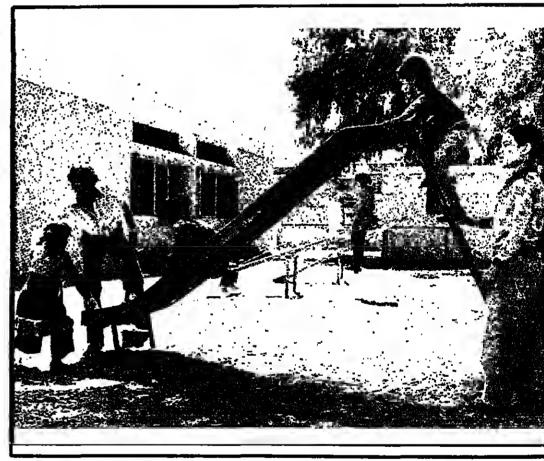
cational Fund for Palestine Refugees (UNIPAL). Zonta: International and hundreds of individuals.

This is not a complete list of contributors to UNRWA but it does give an idea of what is being done by voluntary organisations and others, things that UNRWA has no money to do.



The Augusta Victoria Hospital in Jerusalem run by the Lutheran World Service provides

medical care for Palestine refugees in the occupied West Bank.



The Japanese Shipbuilding Industry Fnundation donated \$130,000 to rebuild old British army huts which have served as homes for refugees in the Gaza Strip for more than 30 years.

Cooperation essential to avert chaos

By Dr. Norman Borlaug

Nobel Prize winning scientist Dr. Norman Borlaug is best known for his work on the development of high yielding varieties of wheat at the International centre for Maize and Wheat Improvement in Mexico. where he still continues his research. Less well known is the fact that Dr. Borlaug started his career as a forester, and still maintains close contact with the profession. The following article is extracted from a speech by Dr. Borlaug to the Convetion of the Society of American Foresters and the Association Mexicana de Professionales Forestales m Mexico.

If one is involved in food production, one must be concerned about the land base upon which we depend for food. Anyone attempting to increase world food production soon comes to realise that the human misery resulting from world food shortages and the misery resulting from world population are part of the same problem--in effect two sides of the same coin.

Unless these two interrelated problems and the energy problem are brought into better balance in the next several decades, the world will become increasingly chaotic. The terrifying human population pressures will adversely affect the quality of life. if not the actual survival of the endangered animal species. Human civilisation itself will be endangered.

Unfortunately, even affluent, well-educated nations have recently been concerned more with the symptoms of the complex malaise that threatens world stability than with the cause--geometric population growth.

One such symptom is environmental pollution. It is discouraging and confusing to hear the cliche concerning the fragility

of the environment as environmentalisis and neo-ecologists

seem to take pleasure in blaming science and technology for most current world problems. But without science and technology, what would be the standard of liv-. ing (or, perhaps better stated, level of chaos) of the world's present population? It does not follow that, because the world managed a moderate standard of living in 1900, when the population was about 1.5 billion, it therefore can produce the basic necessities for the current population of 4 billion with turn-of-the-century

methods. New legislation, emotional. crusades, and an avalanche of lawsuits will not protect our environment of our endagnered flora. and fauna. In their zeal to correct past abuses, many people have begun to search for utopian conditions on a planet that is actually approaching its maximum carrying capacity for living things.

lobby for their pet, often elitist, preservation projects -- and meanwhile ignore the needs of the masses and disregard the fragility of the social and political system of which they are a part. Many of the activists, moreover.

> many of these populations are increasing at a rate of 3.0 to 3.5 per cent. Since the amount of land available for slash-and-burn agriculture is dwindling, an everincreasing proportion of the land is being cleared and cultivated permanently, adding significantly to the problems of erosion, silting, and firewood shortage. India and Pakistan, which have spent huge sums of money on the construction of dams in order to increase irrigation and develop hydro-electric generating capac-

We must instead use common 30 years, less than half the life

The state of the s

ity, are seeing these reservoirs silt

up at a frightening rate. In Pakis-

tan the effective life of the \$1 bil-

lion Tarbela Reservoir on the

Indus will probably be only 25 to

sense, weighing benefits against risks, to make the hard decisions expectancy calculated earlier. The obvious cause is clearcuttiog withpresented by these complex probout reforestation, exacerbated by lems. We must expand out sciruinous overgrazing of the entific knowledge, improve and nomads' sheep and goats, and the apply technology, to make our resulting loss of any protective finite land and water resources cover on the steep slopes of these watersheds. Similar disasters are We must produce more food sure to occur elsewhere in the and fibre, more basic human

necessities, while the terrifying World population is estimated "population monster" is being to have been approximately 15 tamed. We must, in addition, million at the time of the discovery increase production fast enough to of agriculture, about 10,000 years ago. In 1975 it reached 4 hillion, a 266-times increase. At the current keep worldwide social chaos at bay. The time is later than most of rate of growth it will double again us are willing to recognise. In developing nations in Africa, in 40 years, reaching 8 hillion by Latin America, and Asia, land the year 2015. This means that in clearing and forest destruction go the next 40 years world food and on at an accelerated rate. For cenfibre production must be turies, many of these countries increased more than it was have had sizeable hut stable popuincreased in the long 10,000-year period from the birth of agricullations living in the mountain forture up to 1975. We must deal ests of the temperate zone. In the past two decades, however, with quickly, effectively and humanely with the inescapable population better control of human disease,

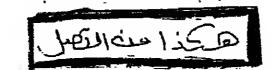
pressures. This is a tremendous undertaking, vital to the future of world eivilization. Failure to solve production problems will plunge the world into economic, social and political chaos.

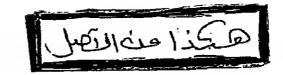
Can the goal of doubling food and fibre production in the next 40 years be achieved? In my opinion it can, provided world governments give high enough prior-

ity to agriculture and forestry. To reach this goal will require the best efforts of agricultural scientists and foresters everywhere. The goal cannot be achieved if different sectors of the affluent nations continue bickering over minutiae rather than concentrating on the important issues.



The Pontifical Mission for Palestine gives the operating costs for UNRWA's Gaza School for the Blind, which provides general education and vocational training for blind refugees.







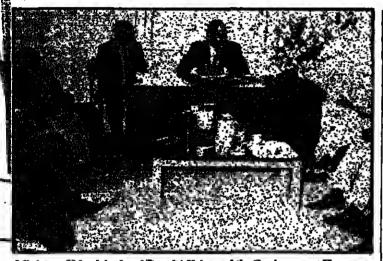
Hassan visits

AMMAN (Petra) — His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan visited on Monday the Jor-danian Armed Forces headquarters. Prince Hassan was net upon arrival by nander-in-Chief of the

Armed Forces Lt.-Gen. Sharif Zaid Ibn Shaker, the chief of staff and several senior officers.

Prince Hassan delivered a lecture on cooperation and coordination between the Jordanian Armed Forces and the

civilian sector. He asserted that effective cooperation and good coordination between the two sectors are a prerequisite for achieving the desired goals of the nation.



Minister of Municipal and Rural Affairs and the Environment Hassan Al Momani (centre) meets mayors and members of the new municipalities on Monday. (Petra photo)

5 municipalities open in Irbid

IRBID (Petra) — Minister of 70,000 to Beit Yafa Municipality Municipal and Rural Affairs and for road projects and for school the Environment Hassan Al buildings. Momani opened on Monday five new municipalities in Irbid Govemorate. He also discussed with the mayors and members of the new municipalities the conditions of public services there and their plans to serve citizens.

Mr. Momani decided to give a loan of JD 110,000 to Katm Municipality to finance the asphalting of several streets and construct new school buildings, and JD 160,000 to Sall Municipality to asphalt roads and build a school, JD 140,000 to Kafr Yuba Municipality for street projects, and JD

Mr. Momani also decided to give a loan of JD 50,000 to Huw. wareb Municipality for street projects and a loan of JD 30,000 to Summ Al Sbunnaq Municipality for the construction of a new school there.

Mr. Momani said the ministry's policy is based on expansion in establishing municipal and rural councils with the aim of having the citizens participate in their responsibility alongside the state in the process of developing local communities.

Sharif chairs Islamic competition

AMMAN (Petra) — His Majesty King Hussein deputised on Mon-day afterooon Awqaf and Islamic Affairs Minister Kamel Al Sharif to chair the ceremony for distributing awards of the competition on the life of Prophet Mohammad. The ceremony took place at the Palace of Culture at he Hussein Youth City.

Mr. Sharif delivered a speech congratulating the winners on their efforts, he said the main goal of such competitions organised by Islamic organisations is to attract the youth to the sources of the

Islamic faith
Mr. Sharif said our nation cannot unify itself and hold out in the face of the challenge facing it unless it goes back to its roots and adapts all its life on the basis of the Islamic faith. Islamic thought should be enlightened, modern and capable of adapting Islamic principles to the developments of the age and its complicated problems. We should uphold the spirit of the Shari'a and concentrate on the substance rather than the form and the erroneous practices which have accumulated throughthe generations of backwardness. Without bridging this gap, that is intellectual backwardness and the deterioration of ethics, the future would continue to be fraught with dangers and obstacles.

Salah returns from non-aligned states Malta meeting

Under-Secretary Peter Salab seventh non-aligned summit returned to Amman on Monday after participating in the 6th information minister's meeting of the Inter Governmental Council for Coordinating Information among States for Non-Alignment beld in Malta on June 15.

Mr. Salah said that during its two-day meetings, the council discussed recommendations submitted by the committee of experts which met in New Delhi last March to discuss coordination in the press, radio and television media as well as a non-aligned news agencies pool in preparation

AMMAN (Petra) - Information for submitting a report to the which will be held in Baghdad in September.

Mr. Salah added that "Jordan submitted a draft resolution condemning the barbaric Israeli aggression on the Palestinian and Lebanese peoples, planned for and implemented by the Zionist enemy to occupy Lebanon--a non-aligned state-and to partition it after annihilating the Palestinian people and PLO forces wherever they might exist." He said the Jordanian draft resolution received full support and was unanimously approved.

A. Badran meets Bangladesh minister, Utah delegation

AMMAN (Petra) — Yarmouk University President Adnan Badran received on Monday Mr. Abdul Majid Khan, Bangladesh minister for Islamic affairs, youth, sport and education.

Dr. Badran explained to Mr. Khan the university's educational philosophy and future plans. They also reviewed ways to develop cooperation between Yarmouk University and the Bangladesh universities

Dr. Badran also received the 15-member university delegation from Utah, USA currently visiting Jordan. He explained to the delegation the plans and prog-rammes of the university and the role it performs in serving the country educationally and scientifically and in developing the community. The delegation then toured several university departments and saw a documentary film

Alia appoints new regional manager for east Canada

NEW YORK (J.T.) - Alia the Royal Jordanian Airline has announced the appointment of Joseph Suidan as regional manager for eastern Canada.

Suidan, now based at the regional sales and service office of Alia in Montreal, previously served with Kuwait Airways Corporation as senior sales representative based in Montreal. Alia the Royal Jordanian Airline now operates daily 747 flights between New York's Kennedy International Airport and Amman, Jordan, air gateway to the entire Middle East region. Alia also provides frequent 747 service from New York to Vienna. Austria and Amsterdam, the Netherlands.

Telecommunications director back from Arabsat meeting

AMMAN (Petra) - Telecommunications Corporation Director-General Mohammad Shahir Isma'il returned to Amman on Monday evening after par-ticipating in the meetings of the technical committee of the Arab Satellite Communications Organisation Arabsat held in Rabat

between June 12 and June 18. Mr. Isma'il said that during the meetings, negotiations took place with the three interoational world consortia which participated in the

tender of monitoring the control station of Arabsat. The main station will be established in Riyadh. Saudi Arabia while the auxiliary station will be established in

Mr. Isma'il said negotiations included all technical, contractual and financial matters as an important and major step before offering the tender. He expressed hope that the tender would be offered

NATIONAL NEWS BRIEFS

Irbid administration course ends

IRBID (Petra) - The programme of the evening intermediary administration course for the government employees in Irbid governorate was concluded at the public administration institute in Irbid on Monday. Thirty-one participants from 23 government departments participated in the 70-day course. Civil Service Vice President Khaled Al Radaydeh distributed the certificates to the participants in a ceremony organised on the occasion.

Passport department gets new building

IRBID (Petra) — The public works ministry has offered a tender for constructing a new building for the passports department in Irbid. The three-storey building will be built on a plot of land near the governor's office at a total cost of JD 200,000, and will be completed in two phases.

Cooperative directors hold meeting

AMMAN (Petra) — Directors of cooperative organisations held a meeting on Monday at the premises of the Cooperative Institute, which is affiliated with the Jordanian Cooperative Organisation. The meeting was headed by the organisation's Director-General Hassan Al Nabulsi. The directors reviewed the conditions of cooperative societies and the basis according to which barley and chaff would be distributed to cattle raisers in the country. They also discussed the question of establishing specialised societies to undertake the raising and fattening of sheep in the goveroorates and districts.

New water project starts in Amman

AMMAN (Petra) — The Water Supply Corporation is currently implementing water projects in Al Quwaismeh, Umm Al Simaq and Umm Sbibra, south of Amman at a cost of some JD 400,000. Hussein Al Abbadi, who is supervising the project, said the aim of the project is to supply potable water to the residents of the area. The project has three lines, one 10-kilometre long, the second four-kilometre long, and the third four-kilometre long in addition to a water tank with a capacity of 1,000 cubic metres.

A HOUSE OF **YOUR DREAMS!**



Members of the National Consultative Council (NCC) attend the session on Monday (Photo by

NCC committee to follow up effects of Lebanon invasion

Consultative Council (NCC) has decided to form a 13-member follow-up committee which will remain in a constant state of meeting to follow-up the serious events in the Arab World resulting from the Israeli aggression on Lebanon. The committee will be in charge of spreading popular awareness and national mobilisation and will deal with the developments that might стор up in the Arab area in coordination with the government in all these fields.

This was decided in the session which the NCC held on Monday under Speaker Suleiman Arar in the presence of Prime Minister Mudar Badran and the cabinet.

The NCC referred the law amending Military Housing Fund Law 1982 to the Legal Committee. The aim of the draft law is to enable subscribers to keep their rights in the fund after their promraise the loan value to JD 4,500 per subscriber, and to increase the period for repayment of the loan from 20 to 30 years. The NCC also heard the gov-

otion to the rank of officers, to

ernment's reply to on the inquiry relatd to the law amending the Doctors Associations Law as well as the government's reply on mixed education in schools.

The government's reply stated that the Education Ministry allows mixed education in the first four elementary classes in private schools, and after that, mixed education must receive the permission of the Education Ministry and the parents of the pupils. The reply said that in government schools, the Education Ministry resorts to mixed education for technical considerations dictated by the interests of the students, while taking into consideration the social and geograic conditions and the

availability of the necessary

The NCC referred to the government proposals related to the agricultural roads in Dhibyan District and the establishment of a television relay station in Al Shawbak and the villages of Ma'an. It also referred to the Legal Committee proposals related to the formation of an NCC committee for youth care and sports activities, drafting a law for Arabic and a law amending the Bar Association Law.

The NCC then discussed several articles of the Income Tax Draft Law, with emphasis on articles related to tax exemptions. Discussion was focussed on the exemptions of capital profits, profits of shares and bonds and the interest gained from deposits at commercial banks and financial

Jordan, Turkey discuss raising trade level

ANKARA (Petra) — Trade economy talks began here on Monday between a Jordanian delegation headed by Supply Minister Ibrahim Ayyoub and a Turkish delegation under Commerce Minister Kemal Centurk.

The aim of the talks is to strengthen and develop trade relations between the two countries and to follow up the implementation of the provisions of the agreement concluded between the two countries last February, which stipu-lates expanding the volume of trade between Jordan and Turkey.

Irbid donates JD 47,500 for Lebanon

IRBID(Petra) — Irbid Governor Abd Khalaf Dawudiyeh said that the contributions collected so far in Irbid city to support the Palestinian people's struggle and to help the victims of the Israeli invasion in Lebanon totalled JD 47,500. Meanwhile, the committees collecting contributions in the various districts of the governorate are continuing their work for this purpose.

Education Council studies role of assistants in schools AMMAN (Petra) - The Amman prehensive schools to fulfil the

District Education Council met on needs of citizens on their places of Monday under Amman District residence and to enable the stu-Education Department dents to reach their vocational Director-General Abdul Latif Arabiyat. During the meeting. they discussed the status of the assistants in schools. The council decided to form a committee to draw up detailed regulations goveming assistants in schools and to submit it to the education committee's next meeting.
Dr. Arabiyat said each edu-

cation office should issue an the establishment of com-

centre. He also emphasised the need for making school books available at the beginning of every scholastic year without delay.

Dr. Arabiyat called for reviewing the policy currently followed in summer courses by drawing up a programme for these courses and naming the lecturers for each course to facilitate the job of eduinformation bulletin and called for cational supervisors during the convocation of these courses.

FEMALE SECRETARIES !!!!!!

Did job-hunting get you down????? Come

At IMS, we offer immediate opportunities in challenging positions for well-organised, responsible secretaries with good skills and experience.

For details, call INTERNATIONAL MEDIA SERVICES (IMS) at Tel. 41308, Amman.



SHIPPING CARS FROM EUROPE!!!

Are you buying a car in Europe this summer?? If the answer is yes, then you should entrust its shipment to:

> PAN TRANSPORT GMBH Langen Strasse 36 2800 Bremen 1 Tel: 0421/314545 TLX: 244496 PANTR D

- RO/RO service every two weeks direct to Agaba. Competitive rates.

Inland collection can be arranged.

For further information please contact general agents:

MALTRANS SHIPPING AGENCIES P.O. Box 921805 Tel: 66085/68656/63914 TLX: 21043 — 22067 Amman, Jordan



Continued from page 1 Israeli attack on Beirut Sources close to the National Nabih Berri-met Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Salvation Committee said the PLO was being asked to agree to Chairman Yasser Arafat and four of his top aides Monday night. the deployment of the Lebanese Foreign Minister Fuad Boutros army in West Beirut and the restrwas conferring with U.S. special iction of the Palestinians' euvoy Philip Habib. weaponry to their camps. Israel Mr. Wazzan later told reporters was being asked, through Mr. Habib, to withdraw a few it was a prelude to a new session of kilometres from Beirut.

the National Salvation Committee Tuesday but gave no further As the meeting began, artillery exchanges resumed around Beirut. State radio said several

southern and western districts of the capital had been hit. Security sources put the day's casualty toll in Beirut at seven killed and 55 wounded.

State radio reported fresh sraeli movements in the Shouf nountains of central Lebanon. It said Israeli troops had moved into the village of Rashmaya, about 20 kilometres south of the strategic Beirut-Damascus bighway.

either side was ready to make con-A member of the PLO Execu-

But there was little sigo that

tive Committee, Yasser Abed Rabbo, accused Mr. Habib of wanting to cripple the PLO. "We have told Habib clearly that his conditions are rejected and that our answer will be to fight everywhere to defend the revolution and the honour of Beirut," he

declared. Mr. Habib called at the presidential palace again Monday to consult with government leaders.

EEC to consider tough action

commandos—had left Lebanese their deep anxiety at the continued fighting. The Israeli reply excluded the They reiterated a demand for an immediate withdrawal of Israeli Inited Nations peace-keeping

orce in Lebanon, but made clear troops first issued in Bonn on June what Israel wanted was a implete disbandment of Pales-Mr. Tindemans submitted a report on his recent visits to the forces. Middle East. He visited Israel just before its forces invaded Lebanon No declarations

Diplomats said the report and Details of the Israeli response suggestions for possible EEC vere published just as news came action would be discussed at the of a renewal of Israeli bom-EEC summit in Brussels next pardments on Beirut, apparently week. EEC leaders would look for n response to shooting which a follow-up to their 1980 Venice roke an uneasy truce there. The EEC foreign ministers Declaration, which called for lecided against issuing any new Palestine Liberation Organisation involvement in Middle East peace ormal declaration, but instead efforts, they said. isked Mr. Tindemans to state

on June 5.

OIC welcomes Iragi decision

had been the presence of Iraqi forces on their territory, they The Iraqis thrust into Iran and

occupied swathes of territory, mostly in the oil province of Khuzestan but also in the mountains to the north, in the first weeks of the war in September and October 1980. With the last Iraqi soldier now

due to leave Iranian soil within 10 days, the analysts said the Iranians faced a dilemma if they wanted to continue the war. Their first option would be to

stay inside their own territory and use cross-border shelling, commando raids, or air attacks to try to put pressure on Baghdad. But the analysts said none of these tac-tics could be guaranteed to force further concessions from President Hussein.

The franians' other option would be to invade lraq, as some Iranian leaders have suggested. But the analysts said this would mean an entirely new phase of fighting in which the Iranian regular and irregular forces which had proved so willing to die on their own soil would be asked to fight on foreign territory.

Iran: war will continue

But Ayatoliah Ruhollah Khomeini charged Iraq's announcement it was withdrawing from Iran was a plot and Iran would continue to fight.

Iran's revolutionary leader, in a speech marking the start of the fasting month of Ramadan, urged his armies to prevent Iraq strengthening its positions on the borResponsible Editor: MOHAMMAD AMAD

GEORGE S. HAWATMEH

Managing Editor:

Editor: RAMI G. KHOURI

Advertising Manager FERNANDO PRANCIS

Board of Directors: JUMA'A HAMMAD RAJA ELISSA MOHAMMAD AMAD MAHMOUD AL KAYED

Editorial and advertising officest JORDAN PRESS FOUNDATION University Road. P.O. Box 6716. Amman. Jordan.

Telephones: 67171-2-3-4 Tix. 21497 Al Rai JO, Cables: JORTIMES; Amunan. Jordan.

The Jordan Times is published daily except Frulays: Advertising and subscription roles. are available from the Jordan Times advertising departments

Whose terms

WHY, ONE WONDERS, are the Israelis so keen to put a multi-national force into Lebanon to form a buffer between them and the Palestinian resistance movement? Why doesn't Israel accept a strengthened international force under the command of the United Nations, such as already exists in Lebanon? The answer to this subtle question is probably the unsubtle fact that Israel wishes to impose its own dictates on the entire world, after it has imposed its military edge on the Arab World.

The significance of a U.N.-mandated peace-keeping force is that it maintains a delicase but nevertheless real link between the imm! diate job of maintaining a cease-fire and the long-term goal of negotiating a peace accord based on a whole series of pivotal U.N. Security Council and General Assembly

Resolutions, notably 242, 338 and 3236. The Israelis feel they are in a position to dictate to the world the nature of the peace-keeping machinery that is supposed to protect them and thereby allow them and their American funds and friends to continue to the process of defacto annexation in the occupied West Bank and Gaza. The Arabs appear unable to do anything about this process, and the Americans seem happy to see it continue unabated and to finance it, if not, by their passivity, also to nurture it.

It would be a blow to the whole world and to the very concept of international peacemaking if Israel succeeds in dictating the terms of the force that is required to maintain peace on the Israeli-Lebanese border. Does Israel accept the world's terms, or does the world accept Israel's terms?

JORDAN'S ARABIC PRESS EDITORIALS

Al Ra'i: Iraq leaves Iran with no excuse for war

Irag's decision to withdraw its forces from Iranian territory to the international borders is a sincere frage initiative to put an end to a bitter war imposed upon it by the Iranian regime, that wanted this war to extend and threaten all the peoples of the area.

Iraq's decision is important for two reasons. First, it comes at a time when the Zionist onslaught reaches its peak, through the barbaric invasion of Lebanon, to liquidate the Palestinian people and their armed revolution and to impose linal capitulation on the Arab Nation. In this connection, Iraq cannot stand by as a spectator, but as it has always done, it wants to effectively partwipate in confronting the aggression on Lebanon. Second, Irag's decision would unmask the Iranian regime, and all the pretexts it has been using to prolong the war and waste Arab and Islamic resources which should have been used in the battle against the Zionist enemy.

Al Dustour: Surrendering arms will mean surrendering all rights

In the interview which the Cairo newspaper Al Ahram had with His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, Prince Hassan warned against transforming the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLÖ) into a political organisation.

scan's warning supports the position of the PLO, that, although it is still encircled in Berrut, is refusing the Israeli-American manneutres to disarm it, but on the contrary, it innounced that it will fight in self-detence and in defence of Beirut regardless of the price or sac-

The attempts to extort the PLO and to force it to lay down its arms under the current circamstances means that the PLO would fall in the same mistake which Sadat voluntarily made when he said the October war was the last war and that the Palestinian issue could only he resolved through negotiations. Sadat then followed the cath charted for him by Israel, which said "no" to the Palestinian state, "no" to the rights of the

reveal its real intentions towards the Arah Nation. It will also reveal the intentions of all those who chose to support the Iranian regime against Iraq and other Arab countries. While we are awaiting Iran's reply to this new

This means that the Iraqi initiative will place the

Iranian regime before a decisive test which will

Iraqi initiative, we hope that the reply would be positive and quick. Meanwhile, we would like to warn that Iraq, that fought for 20 months, is still capable of confronting the aggressors and inscribing more acts of heroism and sacrifices and more shining pages in contemporary Arab history.

It is a big test, which the Iranian regime should pass successfully hefore it asks anyone to adopt the slogans it is raising, while it is fabricating excuses and pretexts to prolong the war and to shed more Arab and Muslim blood which we need every drop of in our battle against the invasion of the Zionists and their unlimited ambitions.

ritories occupied in 1967, notably Jerusalem.

others should be handled. Palestinian people to self-determination, and "no" to Israel's withdrawal from the Arab ter-

By virtue of its occupation of Arab territories, Israel is only offering capitulation to the Arabs. So what would it give to the Palestinians and what opportunities had it left for political action. whether the PLO is part of the action or not?

What is more important is that the PLO has been excluded from the political solution, because Israel still refuses to negotiate with it. Furthermore, the United States, which has been maintaining a monopoly on the peace process, also refuses to recognise the PLO or have it participate in the peace process. And above all, Israel is overlooking the crimes it commits and those Menachem Begin commits, while it calls the PLO a terrorist organisation. If the PLO gives in its arms, it would be ahandoning Palestinian rights and reace alike.

Duels of 1970s anticipated for new SALT talks

By John Morrison Reuter

MOSCOW - The Soviet Union is impatient to resume its superpower dialogue with the United States on strategic arms, but seems to have deep suspicions about

Washington's ultimate intentions. When talks resume in Geneva at the end of this month, the two negotiators. Moscow's Viktor Karpov and Washington's Edward Rowny, will be resuming

the verbal duels of the 1970s. Both were senior negotialors in the lone talks that led to the conclusion of the SALT II treaty. signed by President Carter and

President Brezhnev in 1979. SALT II was never ratified by the U.S. senate, falling casualty to the shockwaves produced by the Soviet intervention in Afghanis-

For a while, Moscow insisted that fresh talks could only be held once it was ratified but not long after President Reagan arrived in the White House last year, the Kremlin dropped this precondition as unrealistic.

For over a year, the Soviet position on strategic arms talks has seemed to contain a paradox. Rhetorical attacks on the

Reagan administration's defence modation with it. buildip and its nuclear policies have escalated to a virulent pitch, with charges that the U.S. is bent on securing military superiority

over the Soviet Union. But under the surface, there has been a barely concealed impatience to get back to the negotisting

Western diplomats believe that the superpower dialogue on strategic arms is psychologically important to the Kremlin as a symbol of its hard-won parity with

Wooing the more pliant

Over the past two years, some Soviet policymakers seem 10 have argued that Washington has proved itself an unreliable negotisting partner, and said Moscow should concentrate instead on wooing the more pliant West Europeans.

But instead relations with the United States have returned to the central position they occupied in President Brezhnev's foreign policy in the 1970s.

The prevailing view here seems to be that however much Moscow may dislike the Reagan administration's policies, it has to try to reach some kind of accom-

"We took only a few days to agree to begin talks after the Americans waited for oneand-a-half years," one Soviet disarmament specialist said in an interview.

The the view of Western diplomats, the Soviet economy, while not in danger of Polish-style collarse as many in the Reagan administration appear to believe, is in no condition to bear the strains of an unlimited arms race.

The main motive for Moscow to enter strategic arms talks with Washington remains what it always has been-to try to curb the U.S. technological lead in weapons development.

Limitation and reduction

Moscow is now on record as saying it is ready not just to limit strategic arms, but to cut the arsenals on both sides, and Soviet specialists say they have no quarrel with Mr. Reagan's choice of the word "reduction" rather than limitation".

In fact the official Soviet title for. the talks will include the words limitation and reduction", in order to emphasise the continuity of the process interrupted in 1979.

Pledges by the Reagan

administration to make a brave new beginning without much reference to the "dead" SALT II

treaty are greeted with hostility and scepticism in Moscow. In the view of Moscow's top

American-watcher, Professor Gregory Arbatov, both sides must continue to observe the treaty even if it is not ratified as a guarantee against a no-bolds-barred arms race while negotiations pro-

The official Soviet position is that the talks should try to preserve "everything that is positive" from the SALT II treaty, but privately Soviet specialists admit that the agreement has now been partly overtaken by events.

Professor Arbatov has said the next few months will showfor sure if Mr. Reagan is serious about arms control, or has merely agreed to talk in order to placate his restive NATO allies.

Soviet America-watchers still seem alternately puzzled and infuriated by Mr. Reagan and his team, who are widely perceived as dangerous amateurs in foreign

Different in one respect

The new strategic arms talks are

likely to be different from those of the 1970s in one important respect, according to diplomats

While taking place behind closed doors, they will be the subject of a permanent propaganda war between Moscow and Washington as both sides seek to influence public opinion, particularly in Western Europe.

But learning from past mistakes, the Kremlin knows that too much public rowing can be counter-productive and it has kept its attacks on the substance of Mr. Reagan's start proposals within

Soviet arms control specialists say they hope to avoid a repetition of what happened in 1977 when President Carter's Secretary of State Cyrus Vance came to Moscow with publicly announced new SALT proposals, only to meet a humiliating total rejection. The negotiations took months to recover.

Soviet negotiators in Geneva are in any case preparing for lengthy talks, as a senior foreign ministry official remarked to chief negotiator Krapov in the presence of an American visitor "You've got yourself a 10-year job."

Censorship in Korea: Relaxed or just disguised?

Of course, the government can link most

urity.

iety.

for the resignations of the Finance a member of parliament, the price

FOR THE TRAVELLER

things to national security if they want to.

By Allan Reditt Reuser

SEOUL - South Korean newspapers are revelling in a newfound freedom after years of censorship and tight government con-

News that an uncle of President Chun Doo Hwan's wife had been arrested for accepting a bribe would probably have been suppressed a few years ago. These days it is front page news.

A satirical comment that you can buy a bank manager or an ex-general in South Korea, for the same price as a large house or an Exocet missile, would have been unthinkable even a year ago. Martial law censorship of news-

papers imposed after the assassination of President Park Chung-Hee in 1979 was lifted in January last year. It was replaced by a code of journalistic conduct or self-

censorship, with government guidelines on which sensitive subjects should be avoided and how The theme central to the guidelines was that newspapers

should refrain from publishing anything that weakens national security in view of a possible invasion from North Korea. "Of course, the government can

link most things to national sec-

urity if they want to". one journalist said. The fact that the government has not done so is seen by the media as a real sign of relax-North Korean defections to the south, and allegations of North

Korean concentration camps may be reported. South Korean defections to the North, and allegations that the South also has hard labour camps for political prisoners may

Equally sensitive are reports on South Korea's growing trade with China and communist Europe. The guidelines state that reporting way into the DJP purse.

these topics was not in the national interest.

"It is all right as long as you do not criticise President Chun and

his government". a Korean journalist said. "We Korean journalists know how to pick our way through the minefield."

The new sense of freedom was

illustrated recently with coverage

of a multi-million-dollar unofficial

loan market scandal in which an

ex-deputy director of the Korean

Central Intelligence Agency

a billion dollars in two years.

(KCIA) and his wife made nearly

The story was embarrassing for

the president, as an uncle of his

wife, ex-General Lee Kyu-

Kwang, was arrested for accepting

a bribe from the money-lending

Guarantee "impossible"

In a private meeting with senior

editors, President Chun lamented

that it was impossible to guarantee

the good behaviour of one's rela-

It was embarrassing for the gov-

ernment. The opposition called

and Economic Planning Ministers.

because of weaknesses in the

banking sector which made the

It was embarrassing for the rul-

ing Democratic Justice Party

(DJP) headed by President Chun.

with opposition politicians alleg-

ing that some money from the

illegal operation had found their

tives when one was in high

couple.

office.

fraud possible.

A DJP spokesman said, following the scandal, that the party faced an almost unbridgeable gap in its dealings with the public, despite being cleared by the public prosecutor of any involvement.

But the government refrained from issuing any guidelines as to

how the story should be handled.

Local editors deemed the scandal

as a matter of public interest and

in no way harmful to national sec-

Columnist C.K Yun in the

English-language Korea Times

went further than anyone else in

poking fun at this evidence of con-

tinuing corruption in Korean Soc-

Korean envelope

In his Sunday column, examin-

ing how much the local currency the won was worth, Yun said that

the 100 million won (\$136,000)

plus category was "usually suf-

ficient to buy a big bouse, an

Exocet missile, a bank manager or

the million won (\$1,360) plus

category, fell the monthly salary of

of a piano or "a presidential

evelope". An envelope is a com-

mon Korean reference to a bribe.

one thousand billion won (\$1,360

million) and upward category, was

the size of the South Korean

budget for 1982, total Korean war

damage, and the sort of sums the

"big hand" behind the present

loan scandal controlled, Yun said.

12:30 Athens, Copenhagen (RJ) 13:00 Riyadh (SV)

At the top end of the scale, the

At the lower end of the scale, in

former gener

ation on entry of foreign publications, though pictures and eulogies of praise for North Korean President Kim Il-Sungare still not seen here.

Intense debate

One of the biggest tests for the. new policy occurred last year. when the American weekly

Freedom for local newspapers Newsweek carried an exclusive has been accompanied by a relax-report, denied by the government, that President Chun may have forestalled a coup attempt.

There was intense debate within government about whether the Newsweek issue should be allowed on local newstands. After a delay, it was released for sale and caused bardly a ripple among the local populace.

"If we had stopped it we would have given the story credibility", a government official said.

The wolf him!

"One among them (Joseph's brothers) said: Kill not Joseph but, if ye must be doing, fling him into the depth of the pit;... And they came weeping to their father in the evening. Saying: O our father!... the wolf devoured him, and thou believest not our sayings even when we speak the truth." (Joseph, Surah XII, Koran)

TV & RADIO

JORDAN TELEVISION NAIN CHANNEL 312:50 . Cartrons Faytouz . Emergencies Local Programme Sayings Arabic Series Local Programme Religious Programme Religious Programme Maghreb Prayers Local Programme Tales from Ramadan Religious Programme

19:40 Local Programme News in Arabic 11:10 Arabic Series FOREIGN CHANNEL French Programme News in Hebrew News m Arabic 08:30 Benson World Cup Conlinues 10:45 Variety Show

RADIO JORDAN

| _ |
|--------------------------|
| 855 KHz AM & 99 MHz. FM |
| & partly on 9560 KHz, SW |
| 07:30 Sign oo |
| 07:91 Morning Show |
| C7:30 News Bulletin |
| 07:-10 Morning Show |
| 10:00 News Headknes |
| 19:39 Pop Session |
| 11:00 |
| 12:20 News Headines |
| Pop Session |
| 13-80 News Summary |
| 13:83 Pop Session |
| 74:19 Instrumentals |
| 14-30 Country Music |
| 15:00 Concert Hour |
| 16:90 News Summary |
| ifeti Instrumentais |

16:30 . 17:00 17:30 .. Old Favourites 18:03 Top Twenty 18:36 19:00 19:30 Top Twenty .. News Desk 20:00 Evening Show 21:00 News Summary Evening Show

BBC WORLD SERVICE 639, 720, 1413 KHz

66:00 Newsdesk 66:30 Wimbledon Report 66:45 Financial News 66:55 Reflections 67:60 World News 24 Hours News Summary 07:30 World Cup Spe-cial 07:45 The World Today 08:00 Newsdesk 08:30 Shora Hunniford 09:00 World News; 24 Hours News Summary 09:30 A World of Wind and Bram 97:45 Network U.K. 10:90 World News: Reflections 10:15 Wide Sargasso Sca 10:30 Igor Stravinsky 11:90 World News: British Press Review 11:15 The World Today 11:30 Fmancial News tl:40 Look Ahead 1t:45 Discovery 12:1S Winsibledon Report 12:30 Han-cock's Half Hour 13:60 World News; News about Britans 13:15 Letter from London 13:25 World Cup Special 13:30 Sports International 14:00 Radio News-reel 14:15 Simionia Concertante 14:45 Sports Round-up 15:00 World News; 24 Hours News Summary 15:30 Network Hours News Summary 15:30 Network U.K. 15:45 A Jolly Good Show 16:30 Thurty Minute Theatre 17:90 Radio Newsreel 17:15 Outlook 13:90 World News: Commentary 18:15 Morality 18:45 The World Today 19:60 World News: Meridian 19:40 Scotland This Week 19:45 Sports Round up 20:00 World News: News about Britain 28:15 Radio Newsreel 20:30 Nature Notebook 29:40 Farming World 21:00 Outlook: News Summary 21:39 Stock Market Report 21:43 Look Ahead 21:45 The Motet 22:00 World News; 24 Hours News Summary 22:30 Elgar! A Soldocuy 23:1S loternational Sports Spe-cial: World Cup and Wimbledon 23:30 toternational Soccer Special 24:20 World News; The World Today 90:25 Scotland This Week 60:30 Financial News; 90:40 Reflections 90:45 Sports

Round up 81:88 World News; Com-mentary 91:15 Keynotes 91:38 Meridian

| American Ceotre 1el 41 |
|----------------------------------|
| British Council 3614 |
| French Cultural Centre 37 |
| Goethe institute 41 |
| Soviet Cultural Centre 44 |
| Spanish Cultural Centre 24 |
| Turkish Cultural Centre 39 |
| Haya Arts Ceotre 65 |
| Hussein Youth City 67 |
| Y.W.C.A |
| Y.W.M.A 64 |
| Amman Municipal Library 36 |
| Liniversity of Jordan Library SJ |

SERVICE CLUBS

CULTURAL CENTRES

| American Ceotre tel. | . 41: |
|-------------------------------|-------|
| British Council 3 | |
| French Cultural Centre | |
| Goethe Institute | |
| Soviet Cultural Centre | 443 |
| Spanish Cultural Centre | |
| Turkish Cultural Centre | |
| Hava Arts Ceotre | |
| Hussein Youth City | |
| Y.W.C.A | 417 |
| Y.W.M.A | |
| Arrugan Municipal Library | |
| Liniversity of Jordan Library | |
| | |

MUSEUMS

| American Ceotre tel. 41520 |
|------------------------------------|
| British Council 361 47-8 |
| French Cultural Centre 37009 |
| Goethe institute 41993 |
| Soviet Cultural Centre 44203 |
| Spanish Cultural Centre 24049 |
| Turkish Cultural Centre 39777 |
| Haya Arts Ceotre 65195 |
| Hussein Youth City 67181 |
| Y.W.C.A |
| Y.W.M.A 64251 |
| Amman Municipal Library 36111 |
| University of Jordan Library 84355 |
| |

Folkiore Museum: Jewelry and cos-tumes over 100 years old. Also mossies from Madaba and Jerash (4th to 18th centuries). The Roman Theatre. Amman. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5 p.m. Year-round. Tel. 51760.
Jordan Archaeological Museum: Has an excellent collection of the antiquities of Jordan. Jabai Al Oal's (Citadel Hill).
Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. (Fridays and official holidays t0.00 a.m. 4.00 p.m.). Closed Tuesdays.
Jordan National Gallery: Cootsins a collection of paintings, ceramics, and sculpture by contemporary Islamic artists from most of the Muslim countries and a collection of paintings by 19th Century orientalist artists. Muntazzi, Jabal Luweibdeh. Opeoing hours: 10.00 a.m. - 1.30 p.m. and 3.30 p.m. - 6.00 p.m. Closed Toesdays. Tel. 30128.

Mistary Museum: Collection of mintary memorability desires from the American memorabilis dating from the Arab Revok of 1916. Sports City, Amman Opening hours 9 a.m.-4 p.m. Closed Saturdays, Tel. 64240. Popular Life of Jordan Museum: 100 to 150 year old items such as costumes, weapons, musical instruments, etc. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. Closed Tuesdays. Tel. 37169.

> Lions Amusan Club. Meetings every first and third Wednesday at the Inter-continental Hotel. 1.30 p.m. Lions Philadelphia Club. Meetings every second and fourth Wednesday at the Grand Palace Hotel, 1.30 p.m.

WHAT'S GOING ON

Philadelphia Rotary Clab. Meetings every Wednesday at the Holiday Inn. 1:30 p.m. Retary Chib. Meetings every Tuesday at the Intercontinental Hotel. 2.00 p.m. Royal Automobile Chib. Jacal Amman. Eighth Circle, Tel. 315261.

EXHIBITIONS

* Gene Splicings and Big Bangs: 18 Nobel Prize winners, at the American

Paintings by Lebanese artist Bassam Nasr, at the Holiday Inn hotel. **FILMS**

"" [Only Want Him to Love Me", a film (sub-titled in English) by Rainer Werner Fassbinder, at the Goethe Institute at 8:00 p.m.

CHURCHES

St. Joseph Church (Roman Catholic) Jabai Amman, tel. 24590. Church of the Ammediation (Rose Catholic) Jabai Luwerbdeh, 37440. De la Selle Church (Roman Catholici Jahal Hussein, 66428. Church of the Assumptiation Orthodox) Abdali, 23541. Anglican Church (Church of the Redeemer) Jabal Amman, 43453. Armenian Catholic Church Ashrafich.

04:30 11:37 18:47

| ARR | IVALS |
|-------|---------------|
| 07:15 | |
| | |
| 08455 | ************* |
| 89:00 | |
| 07:30 | |
| | |

vistion (Roman ian Orthodox Church Ashrafich, 75261. St. Ephraim Church (Syrian Orthodox) Ashrafich, 71751.
Ammai International Church (Interdenominational): meets at Southern Baptist School in Shineismi, 63249.

PRAYER TIMES

... (Sunrisel Shuruq · An

AMMAN AIRPORT

| 8, 15 | | 02:1 |
|-------|-----------------------------|----------|
| 6455 | | |
| 9:00 | Cairo (RU) | 1 |
| 7:30 | Jeddah (RJ) | |
| 9,48 | Dhahran (RJ) | |
| 0:00 | Dubai, Abu Dhabi (RJ) | |
| 1:05 | | |
| | Cairo (EA) | Belg |
| 1:20 | Ankara (TA) | Dut |
| 2:10 | Muscat, Dubai, Bahrain (CA) | Egy |
| | Kuwait (KAC) | Fren |
| | | li Tabri |
| | Caiso (RJ1 | Itali |
| | Copenhagen. Athens (SK) | Japa |
| 6:45 | Frankfurt, Geneva (RJ) | Kuw |
| | Cairo (EA) | |
| | New York, Amsterdam (RJ) | Leb |
| 7.30 | Landon Basis (DI) | Ost |
| 120 | London Paris (RJ) | |
| | Cairo (RU1 | Sauc |
| 8:05 | Rome (Alitalia) (RJ) | Swe |

18-55 ... Ammerdam. Athens [KLM] Rome (RJ) Frankfurt, Damascus (I.T) - Tripoli (RJ) Damaseus (RI) 22:36 Baghdad (RJ)
Cairo (RJ)
Baghdad (RJ) 24:00

Cairo (RI) 05:15 _ Damascus, Frankfurt (LH) .. Agaba (R) 08:15 89:40 Lordon (BA) _ Athens, Amsterdam (KLM) 42.40 Rome (RJ) Tripoli (RJ) 16:45 11:00 Vienna. New York (RJ) Cairo (RJ)

... Cairo (EA

DEPARTURES:

Cairo (EA)

This information is supplied by Alia information department at Amman Air-port tel. 92205-6, where a should always be verified.

| 13:00 Doha, Bahrain, Muscat (RJ) |
|----------------------------------|
| 14:00 Cairo (RJ) |
| 16:30 Kuwait (KAC) |
| 18:10 Cairo (EA) |
| 18:30 Baghdad (RJ) |
| 19:60 |
| 19:15 Dhahran (RJ) |
| 19:30 Damascus (RJ) |
| 19:50 Abu Dhabi (RJ) |
| 20:00 Cairo (RI) |
| 20:15 Beginded (RJ) |
| 21:00 Bangkok (RJ) |
| 21:15 Dubai, Muscat (RJ) |
| 02:10 |
| MONEY EXCHANGE |
| |

JORDAN MARKET

| Local sellit | | |
|--|-----------|-------|
| Belgian franc Dutch guilder Egyptian guinea | 75 01 | 76 |
| Dutch guilder | 131 4 | 132 |
| Fernian ouines | 350 3 | 354 |
| French franc | 21 0/ | 57.1 |
| French danc | 31.8/ | 22. |
| Iraqi digar | 396.3 | 00/1 |
| Italian lire (for 100) Japanese yen (for 100) | 31.8/ | 32 |
| Japanese yen (for 100) | 140/ | 140. |
| Kuwaiti dinar | | |
| Lebenese lira | | |
| Omani riyal | . 10t9/ 1 | 027. |
| Qatari riyal | | |
| Saudi riyal | 103.3/ | 103.8 |
| Swedish crown | 58.4/ | 18. |
| Swiss franc | | |
| Syrian lira | | |
| UAE dirhem | | |
| Il V conting and | - 70.4 | 90. |
| U.K. sterling pound | 014.8 | 018. |
| U.S. dollar | 356 | 355 |
| W. German mark | 143.7/ | 144.0 |
| | | |
| | | |

WEATHER

Bulletin supplied by the Department of Meteorology. Normal summer weather will continue with northwesterly moderate winds. In 'Aqshe, winds will be northerly mod-

| riale terror | manage in | den |
|--------------|-----------|---|
| ngu study | POWE AS | 1000 |
| | | |
| | | 25/3 |
| | | 20/3 |
| Y | | 21/3 |
| high tem | Autotica. | |
| 37 4 | 27 71 | 100 |
| 32, Aqu | 31. M | 15000 |
| 100 may 28 j | per cent, | Age |
| | | |
| | high tem | y high temperature in high temperature in 32, Austra 37, Human 28 per cent. |

USEFUL TELEPHONE NOS.

Dr. Uthman Mustafa Uthman Nairoukh pharmacy Darwish pharmacy **EMERGENCIES**

Fifth Circle

Fayez .

... 193, 75111 Firstaid, fire, police ___ Folice rescue 192, 21111, 37777 Police headquarters 3011 61111 Electric Power Co. .. 36381-2 Municipal water service 71125-8

... 64171-4 University Hospital .. 845849 Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafieh ---- 75111

NIGHT DUTY Dr. Abbes Al-Hakim

ZARQA TRRID **GENERAL** 74111 42311 Ministry of Tourism Hotel co Price complaints . 61176 Jordan and Middle East calls 10 Oversells calls 17

Cable or telegram

61627

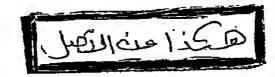
23427

56736

MARKET PRICES

| Upperflower price in fils per kg. | Grape leaves |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Apple (African) 450 / 400 | Green onion |
| Apple (American) \$00 / 400 | Hot Green Pepper 400 / 300 |
| Apple (Double Red) 280 / 200 | Lemon 200 / 160 |
| Apple (Golden) 280 / 200 | Marrow Cores) 200 / 100 |
| Apple (Japanese) (_)/ (_) | Marrow (large) 140 / 120 |
| Apple (Local) | Marrow (small) |
| Annie (Starten) 390 (200 | Meion 220 / 180 |
| Apple (Starken) 280 / 200 | Okra 750/600 |
| Apple (Turkish) 300 / 250 | Onion (dry) t00 / 70 |
| Apricot 450 / 350 | Onion (green) |
| Benana 260 / 200 | Orange (Shamouti) 225 / 180- |
| Benana (Mnkammar) 225 / t80 | Orange (Valencia) 120 / 90 |
| Beans 360 / 300 | Pacsley 70 / 70 |
| Broad Beans 170 / 140 | Peaches |
| | Pears 500 / 450 |
| Cabbegs 100 / 80 | Phone |
| Cerrot 150 / 120 | Potsso (imported) 160 / 130 |
| Cauliflower (white) 200 / 150 | Radish 100 / 100 |
| Cherries 360 / 300 | Ped Charries 100 / 100 |
| Cucumber (large) 140 / 120 | Red Chexies 450 / 400 |
| Cucumber (small) | Sage 450 / 350 |
| Egiplant (small) 200 / 150 | Spmach (—) / (—) |
| Faqqous 140 / 100 | Sweet Pepper |
| Gardie 700 / 700 | Tomato 120 / 80 |
| Garlic700 / 700 | Water Mellow (Minkhigh) 100 / 70 |
| Grapefruit (—) / (—) | Water Melon |
| | |

11:30



Dollar maintains surge, gold tumbles | OPEC fears glut when Gulf war ends

ONDON (R) — The relentless dvance of the dollar showed no ign of slackening Monday as it nade substantial gains against ther major currencies and ushed gold below \$300 an ounce its lowest in almost three years. The German mark fell to a

0-month low of 2.4890 marks, he French franc slumped to a scord low of 6.8960, and sterling ropped below \$1.72 for the first me in five years.

Gold, depressed by the alterative attractions of high dollar iterest rates at a time of lower iflation, dropped below the psy-nological level of \$300 an ounce n bullion markets for the first me since August 1979.

It was fixed in London at \$297. nd later fell to 296.15-some 100 less than its price when the ear began and with some dealers redicting a further drop to 250.

The firmness of U.S. interest stes, which have opened up a rge gap with rates in Europe and ipan, again dominated nervous arkets, raising fears in some intres such as Zurich that domesrates may soon have to rise as a iunter.

Dealers said continued strife in abanon helped the dollar but eekend predictions of a possible .S. prime rate rise from the prent 16.5 per cent were among the ain factors propelling the U.S. urency upwards.

Dealers said they detected no gn of intervention by central banks in European trading. After selling dollars last week in a vain attempt to stem the dollar's advance, now at a 12-year overall bigb. monetary anthorities appeared reluctant to spend more of their reserves in the open market, dealers said.

But in Tokyo the Bank of Japan was again active, selling an estimated \$100 million. It failed to stop the dollar hitting a two-year high of 257.60 yen before it fell back to 257.35, after closing in New York on Friday at 255.60.

In Frankfurt the dollar opened at a 10-month high of 2.4787 marks and was later fixed at 2.4890, a rise of more than three

BAHRAIN (R) - Six oil-

producing states grouped in the

Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC)

have decided to abolish customs

tariffs dn national products and to

apply free transit and travel reg-

ulations from December 1, the

official Saudi press agency said

Finance and economy ministers

from Saudi Arabia, Kuwait,

Bahrain, Oman, Oatar and the

United Arab Emirates (UAE),

who ended a two-day meeting in

the Saudi capital of Riyadh, also

agreed on measures giving their

citizens freedom of economic

activity in agricultural, industrial,

Quoting a council spokesman,

contracting and trade sectors.

pfennigs, from the Friday fixing. The French franc slipped to a record low of 6.8960 against the dollar in Paris, after 6.8020 on Friday, and compared with 6.3350 before its recent devaluation.

Friday.

ounce, its lowest since February

1978 and less than a tenth of the

highs during the 1979-80 buying spree of Nelson Bunker Hunt and his associates.

a joint investment corporation

with a reported capital of \$3 bil-

But the agency did not say

Radio Rivadh quoted Bahrain

Finance Minister Ibrahim Abdel

Karim as saying the ministers

endorsed the statute, but it would

be adopted at the next meeting in

have a two billion dollar capital,

with each state having the right to

offer 49 per cent of its share of the

poration would begin work from

The minister boped the cor-

He said the corporation would

Bahrain on December 7.

capital to the public.

whether the ministers approved

the statute.

Sterling slumped to \$1.7165 at one stage--its first decline below \$1.72 in five years--hut later recovered to 1.7195 and held firm against European currencies.

Most stock markets lost further ground with investors worried about the economic outlook in view of the dollar's strength and the weakness of Wall Street.

Demand for the dollar also pushed it up to 2.1422 Swiss francs, its highest level since last

GCC states to abolish customs tariffs

ticipation for its nationals.

the agency said that in such ven-

tures the state will have the right

to fix a 25 per cent equity par-

Under the travel measures, the

usual vehicle documents would

suffice for passenger cars or goods

trucks plying in the six member

sub-committee of customs offi-

cials to consider a unified tariff for

The decisions were made under

an earlier framework economic

pact, which aims to achieve

economic integration among the

expected to consider the statute of

The conference had been

foreign products.

The ministers also agreed on a

September, and to 1397.25 Italian lira from 2.1175 and 1380 bere on

Iraqi and Iranian oil exports may create a new glut in the world But the lira was unaffected by market the crisis in the management of

Iraqi President Saddam Hus-Banco Ambrosiano, Italy's largest sein said at the weekend he would private-sector banking group, which led to the apparent suicide withdraw Iraqi troops from Iran within 10 days although Iran's revolutionary leader Ayatollah in London on Friday of the bank's president, Roberto Calvi. Ruhollah Khomeini, who seeks Other precious metals suffered from the decline of gold. Silver reparations, says more concessions are needed to end the was fixed in London at \$4.90 an

In Caracas, also at the weekend, Venezuelan Oil Minister Humberto Calderon Berti said OPEC (the Organisation of Petroleum

LONDON (R) — Concern is growing in OPEC that a halt to the fighting in the Gulf and a revival in Exporting Countries) must find ways to accommodate rising Iraqi and Iranian oil sales from current. restricted levels.

Dr. Calderon said rising output by the two combatants was the most serious obstacle to a sustained recovery in the oil market.

A glut earlier this year, caused hy a recession-led plunge in demand and oil companies unloading surplus stocks. threatened a price crash and the break up of OPEC itself in a price-cutting war.

But the group managed to stabilise the market. It set an overall ceiling on its total output

of 18 million barrels daily and it the year end. has succeeded so far in defending its reference price of \$34 a barrel.

The Middle East Economic Survey, an authoritative trade newsletter, has concluded that OPEC will not be able to raise the ceiling very far before October.

But it predicts that, with the reduction in stocks ended, demand for OPEC oil will revive to arouno 22-23 million barrels daily in the final three months of 1982--a level that oil companies say will prohably be maintained through 1983.

So OPEC can look forward to having to fill an extra demand of four to five million barrels daily by

If Iraq and Iran could immediately produce again at pre-war capacity they could cover all that and more, swamping the market. They now pump about three million barrels daily between them. Pre-war capacity was about nine million.

But although they will desperately need cash to repair warbattered economies, their output is likely to take time to climb. Iraq's main Gulf terminals have been badly damaged and Iran may have technical problems in trying to add more than a million barrels daily to current output of two million. industry sources say.

LONDON STOCK MARKET

LONDON (R) - The higher trend in U.S. interest rates and domestic labour problems pushed prices lower on Monday but the cheaper levels attracted some demand and prices closed above the day's lows, dealers said. At 1500 the F.T. index was down 8.9 at

Government bonds showed net falls ranging to % point and industrial leaders were down by up to 6p on balance.

Gold sbares retreated with the bullion price falling below the . \$300 level and North American stocks declined as well, dealers

Blue Circle and Plessey were both 6p lower at 430 and 450 respectively but 1Cl at 312 and GEC at 922 recovered losses of 6p and 8p. Hawker and Racal were 2p and 3p higher on the day. Lloyds was 15p lower at 373 following renewed concern over its wide interests in Argentina. Other banks fell up to 10p.

Insurances were above the day's lows as well with Minet holdings showing a net loss of about 58p at 149 ex div as operators unwound recent speculative positions, dealers said.

LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) - Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midday on the London foreign exchange and hullion markets Monday.

One sterling 1.7168/78 One U.S. dollar 1.2954/57

2.4885/95 2.7390/7420 2.1495/30 47.62/65 6.8900/9000

1397.75/1398.75 258.50/60 6.1480/1500 6.2890/2910 8.5915/40

French francs Italian lire Japanese yen Swedish crowns

U.S. dollars

Canadian dollars

Dutch guilders

Swiss francs

West German marks

Once ounce of gold 296.00/296.50

Belgian francs Norwegian crowns Danish crowns

U.S. dollars

RESTAURANTS & BARS

RESTAURANT CHINA The First & Best Chinese Restaurant in Jordan Firs: Circle, Jabal Amman Near Annyyan Girl s School **Open Daily** 12:00 - 3:30 p.m. D.M. - 1 Tel. 38968 Take Home Service Available RESTAURANT

TAIWAN T TOURISMO Opp. Akilah Matemity Hospital 3rd Circla, Jabal Amman, Tel. 41093. Try our special "Flaming Pot" fondue or Peking Duck on your next visit, Take-Away orders welcoma. Welcome &

and Sept

The state of the state of

..

Enjoy a cold glass of draught heer and a game of darts in a truly English Pub atmosphere at the Shepherd Hotel Pub. Open 12 noon to I a.m. Snacks & steaks served.





(6886)²

HALA INN Special

Ramadan

TILL 12 MIDNIGHT UANDARIN FULLY AH CONDITIONED Wadi Sagra Road East of New Traffic Bridge Across From Holiday inn Tel. 61922

AT PHILADELPHIA HOTEL OPEN FROM 6 IN THE MORNING

HOTELS



Dinner Borbeque Wednesdays & Saturdays

For reservation, call 41351 ext.5 ORDAN UNITER CONTINENTAL

Sheraton sets the style of excellence



A Sumptuous Daily Luncheon Buffet in the AL MADAFA International and Oriental Cuisine to Suit Every Palate

S Amman-Sheraton Palace FOR RESERVATION CALL 60000/15



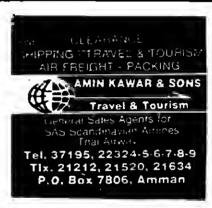


MIRAMAR HOTEL AQABA

Air conditioned rooms, Fair rates Nice swimming pool Snack bar by pool side Special long term arrangements. Tel. 04/4341 - 2 Agaba TIx. 62275 JO

OPTICIANS

TRANSPORTATION





Europear Offices:

Marriott Hotel 60100

Shepherd Hotel 39197-8

Sheraton Palace Hotel 60000





pecialists in local & international removals 'shipping & forwarding (air, land, sea) 'storage " packing " craling " clearing

door-to-door service CROWN INTERNATIONAL Ammun: Jabal Hussein - Firas Circle Tel. 64090 - Tix 22205 BESMCO JO Agaba: Tel 5778

MISCELLANEOUS









AQABA

MANDARIN Chinese Restaurant AQABA

invites you to enjoy the best service and the delicious Chinese Cuisine in the most quiet atmosphere.

Amman road Tel. 4633





THE INTERCONTINENTAL HOTEL CONTACT LENSE CENTRE EYES EXAMINED CONTACT LENSE SEVEN DAYS A WEEK AMMAN TEL. 42043

Dan Ripley, Billy Olson break American pole vault record

KNOXVILLE, Tennessee (R) — Dan Ripley and Billy Olson broke the American record for the pole vault when they cleared 5.72 metres at the U.S. National Championships Sunday night.

Ripley, the former world indoor record holder, cleared the height first and Olson followed minutes later. It bettered the mark of 5.71 which Olson set earlier this year.

The visiting Cubans won two events-Luis Delis in the men's discus with a throw of 68.73 metres and Maria Sarria in the women's shot with 18.80 metres. Delis came from hehind to

defeat Mac Wilkins, the 1976 Olympic champion and six-times American champion, who threw 68.20 in the first round.

Merlene Ottey of Jamaica won the women's 200 metres in 22.17, moving her to number five on the all-time world list.

Two Americans who ranked

number one in the world last year. Cliff Wiley and Henry Marsh, successfully defended their titles. Wiley won the 400 metres in 45.05 to defeat 17-year-old com-

patriot Darrell Robinson. Michael

Paul of Trinidad was third in

Marsh came from behind as usual to win the steeplechase in

in the absence of world record holder Edwin Moses, who withdrew because of a strained hamstring muscle, the 400 metres hurdles was won by National Collegiate champion David Patrick in 48.57. Andre Phillips, the favourite, was second in 48.62.

Craig Virgin scored an unexpected victory in the 10,000 metres in 28:33.02. It was his first 10,000 on the track since setting an American record of 27:19.16 in Paris almost two years ago and came in only his second track race

Gooch destroys Worcestershire

LONDON (R) — Former England opener Graham Gooch, considered no more than a useful seamer on the county cricket circuit, destroyed Worcestershire Monday with career-best figures of seven for 14.

The Essex man's movement through the air and off the pitch was so alarming that be had to bowl round the wicket to remain effective. Worcestershire were all out for 64 and, following on, were 17 for one at the close.

Current England players lan Botham and Geoff Cook were in top batting form along with Mike Gatting, whose omission from the test team this season has roused controversy.

FRENCH

SCHOOL

REQUIRES

A villa of 10 rooms unfur-

nished, one or two floors

with a large garden.

Please contact

Phone No. 42686

or 67205

Mrs. Cusset

Botham hit a characteristic 66 in 41 minutes, with four sixes and eight fours, after Somerset had slumped to 110 for six against Hampshire, for whom Kevin Emery took a career-best five for

Cook was unbeaten for 112, including 13 fours, as Northamptonshire took a tight hold on their match against Yorkshire. Gatting rescued Middlesex from an unhealthy 24 for three against Lancashire with a sparkling unbeaten 133, smacking a six and 14 fours.

With another England discard, Roland Butcher, who hit two sixes and nine fours in 82, Gatting put on 178 in 140 minutes for the fourth wicket.

Poland, Peru hope to break Group 1 stalemate

LA CORUNA, Spain (R) - Poland and Peru will be looking to break the stalemate here Tuesday that has made Group One of the World Cup at once the most closely contested and tedious of the

Four drawn matches, yielding only two goals, mean that Poland, Peru, Italy and Cameroun each have two points and are level on goal difference, or rather the lack of it.

Anton Piechniczek, Poland's manager, takes a positive view of the group deadlock, insisting it does not indicate the teams are in any way inferior to the other finalists. "It is just that we are more evenly

Of Tuesday's meeting with Peru, Piechniczek said: "This is our most important e. Each side has omy next round and I think we will do it."

The Peruvian manager said of the game: "We have to overcome our own nerves as much as the opponents. So far Peru have not given their maximum but we have to win against Poland."

McEnroe waltzes through 1st round at Wimbledon, Connors in devastating form

LONDON (R) — Holder John McEnroe, his game and his temper firmly under control, waltzed through his first match at the Wimbledon Tennis Championships Monday, beating fellow-American Van Winitsky 6-2, 6-2, 6-1.

Compatriots Jimmy Connors and Vitas Gerulaitis, the second and third seeds, also won easily. Connors, given a fine chance of beating McEnroe should they meet as expected in the final, trounced Mike Myburg of South Africa 6-0, 6-2, 6-2 while Gerulaitis defeated qualifier Brent Pirow of South Africa 6-4,

6-1, 6-1. Veteran American Stan Smith. champion in 19/73 and now 35, produced the first upset of the championships.

He defeated ninth-seeded Andres Gomez of Ecuador 6-4, 6-3, 5-7, 7-6 with a solid display of grass court skills which proved too much for the Italian Open champ-

ion, a clay court specialist. The tournament is without five-times champion Bjorn Borg of Sweden, who has protested against having to pre-qualify for not agreeing to play in ten Grand Prix events this year, as well as Iven Lendl of Czechoslovakia and Argentines Guillermo Vilas and

PEBBLE BEACH, California

(R) - Tom Watson finally laid a

jinx to rest by winning the U.S.

Open Golf Championship with a

glorious shot on the 17th hold to

reinforce his reputation as the

Nemesis of the great Jack Nick-

Opens and two Masters titles in a

brilliant career but, until Sunday's

final round at the Peeble Beach

golf course, he had always come to

He overcame the jinx-and at

the same time strengthened his

bex on Nicklaus-at the 17th hole

when he seemed doomed to yet

His two-iron tee shot at the

209-yard 17th skipped into the

rough to the left of the green, leav-

ing him with what appeared little bope of saving par. But Watson,

32, pulled out his sand wedge and neatly chipped the ball straight

grief in the U.S.-Open.

another disappointment.

Watson had won three British

Jose-Luis Clerc. "I just feel bad they are not all playing." McEnroe said.

"When it's 2 top tournament, you want all the top players to play," McEnroe continued." I feel kind of bad, particularly about Bjorn. I played him in the last two finals here and at the U.S. Open and I'm sorry not to see him around."

McEnroe's triumph a year ago was tarnished by repeated clashes with officials which brought him fines, against which he successfully appealed, and a threat of suspension. But he seemed to be a reformed character Monday.

"I'm just trying to concentrate on my tennis and not think about the things that happened in the past," he said. "Obviously I can't forget entirely, but I want to avoid those situations now.

He said the ankle injury which has troubled bim this year is also

"It's not 100 per cent, but it's getting better. It's taped to protect n and I'm trying not to think about it because I don't want it as an excuse if 1 lose."

He was in sparkling form against Winitsky, who is ranked 45th in the world. His ground strokes sizzled, his volleying was deft and accurate and though he might have wished to land more

Tom Watson lays a jinx to

rest, wins U.S. Golf Open

six-under-par total of 282.

Open since 1975.

dying the 18tb to win the \$60,000

first prize by two-strokes with a

"I'm on the top of the world,"

laughed Watson, who finished the

day with a 70 against Nicklas' final

round of 69. He had not been seri-

ously in contention in the U.S.

This year offered him his best

chance to win the title because he

has always played well on the

6.825-yard Pebble Beach course.

been a favourite hunting ground

of Nicklaus, who won the previous Open held here in 1972. But the

player who beat him was the same

man who outduelled him in the

British Open and the Masters in

1977 and the Masters of last year.

"I've had it happen before,"

42-year-old Nicklaus commented

afterwards. "I didn't think it

would happen again-and it did." Nicklaus gave it his best shot,

recovering from a bogey at the

Ironically, Pebble Beach has

first serves, even that improved as the match wore on.

His behaviour was nearly perfect. He banged his racket on the grass when he missed shots a couple of times and found words for a line judge who foot-faulted him in the final set. But there was nothing resembling a tantrum and he even smiled when he obviously disagreed with one line call.

After so many disputes with officials last year, and so much criticism of the organisers generally, McEnroe said he sensed a more lenient approach by the club towards the players this year.

They seem more pleasant and there is less of an attitude that they're doing you a favour by let-ting you in their club." he explained. All the opening matches were

interrupted for an bour and a half by rain. When they resumed, McEnroe finished just minutes before Connors wrapped up his match again Myburg, the world's 159th ranked player, who got into the draw when Andrew Pattison withdrew.

Connors was just as devastating against Myburg as McEnroe was against Winitsky. He hit winners off the South African's serve, lobbed or passed him when he ventured to the net and out-rallied birn if he stayed back.

the birdied the 15th. The outcome

might have been different if he

had sunk just one of two reason-

able birdie putts at the 17th and

ferently over the front nine for a

birdie and a bogey, sank a 25-foot

putt to save par at the 10th, then

made similar shot at the next for a

The short 12th cost him a stroke

after he bunkered his tee shot, but

he responded with some of the

longest drives of his life down the

homeward stretch and snaked in a

35-foot birdie putt at the long

At the 16th it seemed as if his

open jinx was striking again when

he hit his first wayward drive of

the day into a deep fairway

bunker. He could only play out

sideways and a poor wedge

approach cost him a bogey. His

fate seemed sealed when his tee

shot at the 17th rolled into the

"I looked at the ball and it had a

When his caddie, Bruce

Edwards, told him he could get it

close, Watson replied: "I'm not

going to try to get it close. I'm

going to make it." He did, then

Back at the 18th green Nick-

laus, who had thought the worst he

could do was finish in a tie, saw

thought that it'd lipped out,"

Nicklaus remarked. "I couldn't

believe that anyone could have

Bill Rogers, the British Open

champion who began the day shar-

ing the lead with Watson, lost his

putting touch and closed with a 74

to finish third on 286 with young

Bobby Clampett and Dan Pehl,

who finished second in this year's

Sixth place on 287 was shared

by defending champion David

Graham of Australia, Lanny

Wadkins, Garmy Koch and Jay

Koch equalled a U.S. Open

record, his 136 total for the final

36 holes matching the mark first

set by Gene Sarazen in 1932.

"I saw him jumping around and

danced with joy on the green.

good lie," said Watson. "It was sitting up. 1 could get the leading edge under the ball--and that was

rough 16 feet from the hole.

what I wanted."

Watson's antics.

holed it from there."

Masters.

Watson, who had putted indif-

18th.

hirdie.

Algeria fails to sustain role as giant-killers

OVIEDO, Spain (R) — Algeria the drumbeats of the Algerian giant-killers but did no harm to their reputation in a 2-0 defeat by Austria in the World Cup Group Two match here Monday.

Second-half goals by Walter Schachner and Hans Kranki gave Austria victory over the unsung Algerians, who had humbled former champions West Germany in their opening match.

Austria, with two wins to their credit, now look certain to go through to the second phase while Algeria, with one match remaining against Chile, could still join

Algeria had been the more inventive team in the first half and at the interval looked capable of again belying their status as group outsiders.

But the Algerians could not maintain their rhythm in the second half and the two goals from the red-shirted Austrians silenced

failed to sustain their role as fans who filled on side of the Carlos Tartiere ctadium.

Schachner who headed the winner at Austria's 1-0 defeat of Chile here, put Austria on the winning trail again in the 56th minutes

Substitute Kurt Welzl, put clear by defender Josef Degeorgi after a fine overlapping run down the left tlank, tried a shot which was blocked by a defender. Schachner fastened on to the

deflection and drove an angled shot past goalkeeper Mehdi Cerbah off the inside of a post. Eleven minutes later Kranki sealed Algeria's fate, accepting a

pass from Welzl before squeezing a left-foot shot past Cerban. The substitution of Welzl for midfielder Ernst Baumeister made all the difference to Austria in the second half, giving them a

third prong for their attack

alongside Krankl and Schachper.

Tedi Bensaoula, the striker who replaced Belloumi, fought hard to find an opening and came close to scoring in the 77th minute. Salah Assad came even closer a minute

the two Austrian goals.

But the Austrians held on resolutely and Krankl twice narrowly missed increasing their lead

It gave the Austrians the punch

they had lacked in the first half

when the darting Algerian forwards had caused the Austrian

Djamel Zidane and Rabah

Madjer both drew fine one-

handed saves from Austrian goal-

keeper Fried! Koncilia before the

But the impetus went out of the

Algerian attack after the break

and African Footballer of the

Year Lakhdar Belloumi, star of

the win over West Germany, was

substituted in the period between

defence a lot of discomfort.

Dramatic 4-1 win for France against Kuwait

VALLADOLID, Spain (R) — France beat Kuwait 4-1 Monday in a dramatic World Cup match which ended in confusion after a Kuwaiti protest caused an eightminute delay in the closing stages.

When referee Miroslav Stupar of the Soviet Union appeared to have awarded a fourth French goal 10 minutes from the end, the Kuwaiti players protested vigorously and halted play.

The President of the Kuwait Football Federation, Sheikh Fahd Al Ahmad Al Sabah came on to the pitch with players and officials from both teams arguing furiously.

A number of blows appeared to be thrown by some players and referee Stupar was pushed. Police moved on to the pitch and appeared to manhandle French manager Michel Hidalgo. The Kuwait players looked as though they were threatening to walk off. At some point during the con-

fusion the referee changed his mind about the goal, netted by Alain Giresse, annulled it and play resumed with the score back at 3-1. France later scored again to bring the final score to 4-1.

As spectators whistled and

Kuwaiti players off the pitch.

When he himselt walked to the centre of arena he was immediately surrounded by players and photographers lle left the field

after talking to his team
The match looked at to resume as Hidalgo tried to move on to the pitch but he was pushed back by a line of police. As be was surrounded by reporters and photographers he was seen to slap a nearby television camera.

Tempers cooled sufficiently to allow play to resume but the remaining minutes were equally dramatic. Kuwaiti substitute Fathi Mar-

zouq was booked after appearing to push the referee then Abdul Aziz Al Anbari netted for Kuwait but was ruled offside. Jasem Sultan of Kuwait was car-

ried off on a stretcher after a heavy tackle after which Maxime Bossis scored for France in the final minute to complete a 4-1 victory. The victory left France needing only a draw in their final Group

Four game against Czechoslovakia here on Thursday to be sure of a place in the second

The French looked impressive booed at the stoppage, Sheikh in the first half and Kuwait's open refused to take part in the routine Fahd appeared to be waving the style provided plenty of room to press conference after the match.

move for midfielders Giresse, Beroard Genghini and Michel Pla-

Genghini showed why French League team Saint Etienne bought him to replace Platini-who is joining Italian club Juventus next season--when he curled a free-kick high into the net after balf an hour. It was the sort of goal Platini himself is famous

Twelve minutes later it was Platini's turn to show his skills when he latched on to a through-pass from Giresse, casually controlled the ball and slipped it neatly past Kuwaiti goalkeeper Ahmad Al Tarabulsi to give France a 2-0

halftime lead. Two minutes after the interval Didier Six raced in to volley home the third goal as the Kuwaiti defence appealed for offside, before Abdulla Al Baloushi pulled a goal back for Kuwait with

16 minutes remaining. After the chaotic eight-minute break, Maxime Bossis pushed down the left flank in the final minute and slipped the ball between Al Tarabulsi's legs to complete a 4-1 win.

French manager Hidalgo

W.Germany, Spain, Argentina back on path to World Cup rehabilitation

ions West Germany and hosts Spain are back with Argentina on the path to World Cup rehabili-

The three nations, seeded to win their groups, all started the tournament with potentially disastrous results.

But then Argentina, the reigning champions who lost to Belgium in their first match, demolished Hungary 4-1 and West Germany and Spain won their games Sunday to open up the route to the second phase.

Only England so far have secured a place in the next round after a 2-0 victory over Czechoslovakia Sunday which took their winning run in internationals to a

record eight games.
West Germany, humbled by Algeria in their opening Group Two match, raised the level of their commitment dramatically to

beat Chile 4-1 in Gijon. Karl-Heinz Rummenigge, still feeling discomfort from a thigh injury, boldly threw himself for-

MADRID (R) - Former champ- ward to score three times and Algeria. "I am happy that the emerge as leading scorer with four nerve-racking days are over," he goals from two games.

> The momentum gained from Sunday's win should carry the. Germans through to the second phase although this may depend on them beating Austria in an awkward final group game on Fri-

The Germans are also under pressure from a growing injury list. Pierre Littbarski, Paul Breitner and Harald Schumacher all received knocks Sunday and Rummenigge's fitness remains a source of worry for manager Jupp

"Rummenigge only played because this game was the most important one," said Derwall also gave a hint of the strain he had been under since the defeat by them.

Spain's anxiety at the prospect of first-round elimination was reflected in what approached an excessively vigorous display in their 2-1 win over Yugoslavia in Valencia. But the Yugoslavs played their

part in making it a full-blooded contest and perhaps their only quibble could have been the decision that gave Spain a first-half Certainly Miguel Alonso ended

up face down in the penalty area but his point of take-off appeared to be some way outside the box.

Spain now have a two-point advantage in Group Five but the fact that Yugoslavia and Northero after Chile had been beaten. He Ireland still bave to play Honduras means some pressure remains on

Yugoslav papers criticise Danish referee

BELGRADE (R) - Danish referee Henning Lund-Scorensen came in for some stinging criticism from Yugoslav papers Monday for his handling of the World Cup Group Five match against hosts Spain in Valencia Sunday night.

"Shameful theft in Valencia," was the headline in Monday's promment Belgrade daily Politika. Spain came from behind to win 2-1, their equaliser coming from a

twice-taken penalty after Miguel Alonso appeared to be floored just outside the box. Roberto Lopez Ufarte missed with the first spot

The fragile truce in Lebanon Surrender in the Falklands Egypt: Odd man out

In Newsweek you T find independent and authorization Information you can trust on world events that mother

To be honestly informed find out what's in Newsweek-

Instead of falling one stroke opening hole to birdie five in a row behind Nicklaus, he was one shot from the third. Bogeys at the ahead and he rubbed it in by bir- eighth and 11th set him back but

Exciting Soviets to meet Scotland in Group 6

into the cup for a birdie.

MALAGA, Spain (R) — The Soviet Union, in the forefront of Europe's quest to match the South

Zealand and although they had a good first half against Brazil they were outclassed in the end. American style of football, and Scotland meet in what promises to be an intriguing World Cup

Group Six game here Tuesday. The exciting Soviets, who need only two draw to qualify for the second phase, have been one of the delights of the finals, losing narrowly to the dazzling

Brazilians and overrunning New Zealand.

Their Latin-style one-touch football is a joy to watch and the artistic Georgian influence of Dinamo Tibilisi trio Alexander Chivadze, Ramaz Shengelia and Vitaly Darasaelia should be a telling factor against the Scots.

Scotland have been something of a disappointment. They laboured to a 5-2 win over New

The Scots have in their favour the support of 20,000 spectators, who have been refreshingly well behaved, while Soviet fans are as scarce as Balalaikas in Spain.

Scotland have a host of problems, mainly in attack where Liverpool's battle-weary Kenny Dalglish has little appetite for the fray while loswich's Alan Brazil is experiencing respiratory problems in the stifling heat.

Manager Jock Stein said of Tuesday's game: This is a cup final for us. From the time the draw was made in January I said this game would be the crunch but we know what we have to do."

FURNISHED FLAT TO LET

Nicely located at Jabal Amman, 5th Circle, having two bedrooms, dining room, living room, with hot water and

TO ALL BUSINESSMEN......

INTERNATIONAL MEDIA SERVICES (IMS)

Announce their new extended working hours from 8:00 p.m. till midnight.

Tel. 41308, Amman.

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Call Tel. 44841

HOUSE FOR RENT

TO LET

Furnished apartment, consists of two bedrooms, salon, din-

ing room, living room, kitchen, bathroom and veranda,

with colour TV, telephone, independent central heating, garden and garage. Located in Jabal Amman, 4th Circle.

Please call 42786 anytime

A house consisting of three bedrooms, salon, dining room, living room, three bathrooms, and veranda with central heating. Location: 7th Circle, near the Engineers Housing

Please call Tel. 63015 from 9:00 a.m. to 1:00 p.m. and from 3:00 to 6:00 p.m.

Commercial agency requires part-time secretary with good knowledge of English language, English typing and telex

> Working hours: 4:00 to 7:00 p.m. For more information please call Tel: 63851

TYPIST-WANTED

WANTED IMMEDIATELY

Junior Arabic-English translator cum typist.

Call Tel. 37262 Amman

or write to P.O. Box 2168 Amman

Jordan TV requires French typist for one month only. July 1 - Aug. 1, for work in French News Section.

Please phone: Jordan TV. 77151, 73111 **Extension 219.**

SHUBEILAT BADRAN, KAILANI Architects & Consulting Engineers

TYPIST NEEDED

For more information please call 44414

Miss Shehabi

Sbk seeks a good typist in English language.

SECRETARY WANTED

operation.

"That's a dramatic shift," he

claimed. And it has been espe-

cially welcomed by G.M. which

the Chevrolet executive says sells

two out of every three six-

passenger car in the U.S., with the

Chevrolet Caprice topping the list.

As for American luxury cars,

with their balloon suspensions,

their gadgets and plush fittings.

Cadillac are selling at a 36.2 per

cent higher daily sales rate than

last year and Ford Lincoln sales

were 51 per cent higher in April

compared with the same month

Chrysler says that big cars cur-

rently account for about 17 per

cent of the company's overall sales

compared with around 12 per cent

Although all three domestic car

manufacturers stress that the

fuel-efficient car is the growth

market of the 1980s, G.M.'s Mr.

Madejchick points out that big

cars fell out of grace after the 1974

and 1979 oil shocks but then

bounced back as soon as the situ-

Another interesting illustration

of the changing trend is U.S. ear

buying is the decline in diesel car

sales. They were, until last

December, one of the brighter

spots of the dreadful U.S. ear

Last December they reached a

peak of 7.7 per cent of total U.S.

car sales, after accounting for 5,4

per cent (or 169, 624 units) of the

car market in the first four months

of last year. In the first four

months of this year they

accounted for 4.8 per ceot, with

the unit sales declining to 125,699

at the same time last year.

last year.

Istain FEATURES

YORK -- Most U.S. drivers never really felt comfortable mall cars. They were forced ipt to them, as indeed was it, in the wake of the oil 5 of the 1970s. But petrol is plentiful and relatively so Americans are again z the big six-passenger car in they can pack their chilthe dog and the luggage and

lorida to the sound of phonic music. renaissance of the big car is iltogether good news for it and is particularly bad to importers of foreign cars. ler, or the New Chrysler as mpanyealls itself these days, ing those most upset by the kable, if perhaps temporary.

of the big car.

along for miles to Vermont

Lee Iacocca, the Chrysler ecently aired his feelings on ibject to New York sales tives. "After we manured our owo madenerica energy crisis in 1979. regulated prices, mistion of fuel and riots at the mps, this country decided to ious about energy. And we le right thing. We decon-loil and gas prices. Gasoline o \$1.40 a gallon and everygreed it was on the way to Ve said goodbye Ve said goodbye to gas tion of fuel-efficient cars

> illion. ar, so good, but what hapsubsequently has deeply sed Mr. lacocca. "The price soline," he says, "has do below a \$1 in some the U.S. public is back in · · · ith big cars again, and the id for our most fuel-efficient s has dropped like a rock.

Detroit, produced at a cost of

Big cars return to American tracks

No wonder the car market is coming in at a rate of 1,000 a cent the same time last year. screwed up."

Chrysler, perhaps more than any other U.S. car maker, has committed its future to compact fuel-efficient cars. Thus, one suspects with a little selfinterest. Chrysler is proposing its own solution to the country's, economic

Mr. Iacocca has told Washington, his shareholders and anyone who cares to listen, that one way to reduce in part the federal deficit is to slap on a tax on imported oil and to levy an immediate excise tax on petrol at the pump. "Either action," he says, "would restore the trend toward fuel-efficient cars, and let the world know that America is serious about energy."

The irooy Chrysler is that one of its biggest success stories of late is its new convertible car models - a return to the grand old days of motoring in the 1950s.

With the general perception that fuel will remain in abundant supply and that prices at the pump will remain relatively flat for some time (the oil industry forecasts only modest increases during the next five years), Chrysler's convertible models are selling like hot

At the company's annual meeting this month (June) Mr. lacocca remarked "we currently have more than 18,000 orders for the Lebaron and Dodge 400 convertibles ... and the orders are

week. It's one of the hottest cars on the market."

It is not so much performance consumers are demanding, according to Mr. Jack Madejehick. director of marketing information at G.M.'s Chevrolet division. "It's basically roomioess and comfort and the feeling of larger cars Americans want," he says, adding that in any case American roads are made for the large car".

The statistics show that sales of foreign imports in the first five months of the year at 902,590 units were 15.6 per cent behind the 1.1 million deliveries during the same five months last year. The only major gains were made by "luxury ears," with Jaguar reporting record sales of 3.569, or 122 per cent more than in the same period last year. Volvo an I l per cent increase and Saab a 13 per cent increase.

Japanese car sales in the U.S. were down by 14.4 per cent. although the decline was also due to the voluntary export restraints Tokyo agreed to last year. West German-made car sales were down 26.8 per cent during the first five months of this year, compared with the same months in 1981.

Small car imports faced tough competition from domestic small cars because of the discount and promotions war waged by Detroit and dealers. While the so-called "sticker

war' helped prop up sales of small domestic cars, the good news came from the roomier sixpassenger cars and the luxury

Mr. Madejchick of G.M. says that so far this year the sixpassenger car has accounted for 19.3 per cent of total U.S. car sales, this compares to 16.1 per

Although manufacturers expect diesel sales to increase again in the looger term, they blame the sale incentives oo non-diesel cars, the decline in petrol prices and the general shift of consumers back to the big gas-guzzlers, for the surprising fall in diesel sales.

"Four months ago they all wanted diesels but the market seems to be dropping dead," one new York dealer remarked.

No one expects the big car to sustain its current revival. Legislation, for one thing, argues against them. Car makers by 1985 will have to adhere to the Cafe, which is not a pavement watering hole but the commitment to socalled Corporate Average Fuel Economy. The Cafe limit for 1985 is set at 27.5 miles per gallon.

Although, under the Cafe rules, manufacturers can still make ears below the Cafe limit, there are also specific fuel consumption limits for individual cars. The

minimum fuel officiency requiremeot started at 15 miles per gallon in 1980 and has been steadily rising to increase evcotually to 22.5 per gallon in 1986.

Those limits, according to G.M.'s Mr. Madejchick, would be impossible to meet for the conventional rear-wheel-drive, sixpassenger car. But new engine technology and diesel would make

Although, according to the cur-rent gospel in Detroit, the small car is here to stay in the U.S. and petrol prices will inevitably increase again at some stage, the consumer is at present having a fling with the traditional big U.S.

Detroit itself seems to be changing its own gospel. The big three are all developing bigger, roomier front-wheel cars. As Mr. Roger Smith, the chairman of G.M. has observed: "People don't want small cars, they want fuel-efficient

-- Financial Times news feature

WANTED **QUALIFIED** MARKETING RESEARCHER

Must have graduated from university, have some experience in the local and foreign trade markets, fluency in English and Arabic required. Attractive salary will be offered to the right candidate.

Please call Tel.: 42182

TIME The World News Magazine

Peril and opportunity in the Middle East The Israell blitz

What next in the south Atlantic? (All with the cover package on the two wars)nSignals from the Pope (Pontiff takes a liberal line in Switzerland)

Disarmament, Reagan style (The president talks

FOR RENT

Two modern furnished flats. One and two bedrooms with central heating and telphones.

Please call 841859 after 2:00 p.m. 60162 after 2:00 p.m. 814004 after 4:30 p.m.

FURNISHED APARTMENT FOR RENT

Grouno floor apartment consisting of two bedrooms. living room, dining room, reception, and glassed in veranda, with central heating, telephone, garage and garden.

> Location: Sports City area. Please contact Tel. 65749, Amman, between 9:00 a.m. and 4:00 p.m.



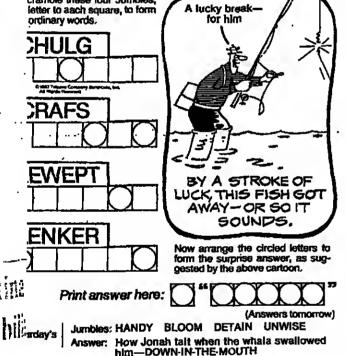
Good news to electrical engineers and contracting companies for the production of various size, ready made automatic electric plates for power distribution.

an be used in hotels ig buildings, plants and hospitals at attractive prices. We also undertake the implementation of all electric works b pecialise echnicians.



Sale of all sizes of insulated cables. Sale of pincer pipes and accessories. Punctual appointments and quick services.

BELL ELECTRONICENGINEERING CO. (JORDAN) Bayader Wadi El Seer- Maintenance Street. Tel. 811745.



THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME
by Henri Arnold and Boh I as



choice and this isn't one af them."

FORECAST FOR TUESDAY, JUNE 22, 1982

YOUR DAILY

GENERAL TENDENCIES: Changing planetary positions make it possible to expand your activities and gain edded benefits et this time. Take positive steps to overcoma obstacles in your path.

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) Use caution in handling. confidential matters and avoid trouble. Listen to what serious advisers have to suggest. TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) Be more thoughtful in-

stead of forceful with your friends and gain their respect. Don't trust your intuition at this time.

GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) Make sure your civic affairs are well handled. Take extra steps and improve your your image. Avoid a troublemaker. MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to July 21) Be sure to act

in a conservative fashion at this time for best results. Handle business affairs wisely. LEO (July 22 to Aug. 21) Handle personal duties in a

most precise way end gain added goodwill. Strive for more

harmony with family members. VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) Don't do anything that could irk an associate. Forget fun for now and apend more time on important financial matters.

LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) Try to make your environment more comfortable and improve the quality of your life. Sidestep an oppooent.

SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) Engage in a new outlet during apare time that will bring you relief from worry. Know where you are headed. SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Make sure you

carry through with agreements made with family members. Make the future more productive. CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) Confer with allies and make the future brighter. Obtain important data you need

from the right sources. AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) Financial matters are vitally important now, so attend to them and know your

true position. Relax at home tonight. PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) You have to make definite plans to get what you desire of a personal nature, since it

does not come easily. Be happy. IF YOUR CHILD IS BORN TODAY . . . be or ahe will be one of those clever young persona who will understand what others are up to and what motivates them, so be sure to give a fine education and the taleot can be used to best

advantage. Don't neglect ethical training. "The Stars impel, they do not compel." What you make of your life is largely up to you!

THE Daily Crossword by Hugh McElroy

63 Soon

65 Scrap a

DOWN

1 Jupiter's

2 included

64 Swearword

31 Hintat Sickla part 53 Usually 5 More adept 10 Story line patriot 36 Made much 57 Dynamo 60 Burt Lan-14 Potentate caster IIIm warmer

38 Yoko -

39 "What have

we here!"

40 Integers mission 41 Deserter Maximus 42 Camp shoe, lor short patron 43 Arabian Bird of -68 Hamess 44 Preminge 69 Mardi

23 Baseball's 45 Jabs Amos et al. 26 Name in 47 Musical "Rinse 48 Big store is ona

5 Pirandello

16 Wanted

17 Sever

18 Certain

critique

activists

20 "- Fideles"

field crops

22 Refuse of

Bandleader

employee 49 Relative

Yestarday's Puzzle Solved:

with 3 Factory support 5 Bitterdrug 6 Vagrant whopper 6 Ova

9 Vaquero's rope 10 Andre of muaic 11 Wash 12 Finished

or Kaye 59 Slaughter of baseball 81 Lady of the house

21 Cravat

25 USN

24 Oleoresins

builders

27 Chew on

28 Coarse one

30 "- Dallas' 32 Clamen-

tine's dad

33 Maternally

related

34 Generator

37 Hesitation

sounds 40 Great

"44 Group of

moppets 46 Crude

48 Hamburge

holdar

50 Arab delty

ahelters 53 At tha apex

Brand

56 Exile isla

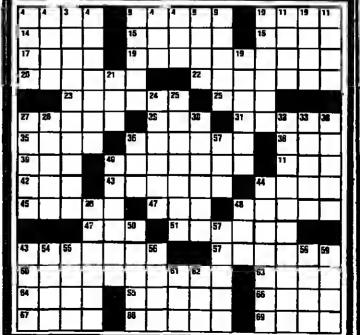
58 Ephron

55 Poker mone

52 Circua

recehorse

part 36 Ben —



© 1982 Tribune Company Syndicate, Inc. All Rights Reaerved

itt 'n' Jeff

anuts

OU'RE

DON'T YELL AT ME! WHAT

DID YOU

EXPECT?





ALL WE DID FOR TWO

weeks was lie in our

BEANBAGS, WATCH TV

AND EAT JUNK FOOD..



I CAN'T BELIEVE / HANG ON

TO YOUR

HAT...

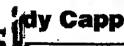
YOU'D DO THIS

TO YOURSELF!



SIGNED UP AGAIN

FOR NEXT YEAR!













Britain agrees to postpone Gibraltar negotiations at Spain's request

Foreign Secretary Francis Pym said Monday that Spain and Britain had agreed to postpone negotiations over the future of Gibraltar at Spain's request.

This means that Spain's frontier with Gibraltar will not be reopened next Friday as originally planned.

Spain has long claimed the British rock colony off the Spanish

Mr. Pym told a press conference

MADRID (R) - French Pres-

ident François Mitterrand visits

Spain Tucsday to try to improve

strained relations between Paris

Spanish diplomatic sources said

the activities of Basque guerrillas and Spain's bid to join the Euro-

pean Economic Community

(EEC) would be the main issues

discussed with King Juan Carlos

and Prime Minister Leopoldo

Spain and I hope to take the

opportunity to talk frankly and

clearly about our problems," Mr.

Mitterrand told the Madrid news-

The Spanish government is

angered by France's refusal to

extradite Basque guerrillas and

blames it for harbouring those

whose killings and bombings irri-

tate Spain's restless military and

pose a constant threat to its demo-

Mr. Mitterrand told El Pais that

French and Spanish police were

now co-operatiog against the separatists. Spanish officials have

indicated they are pleased by the

arrest of some guerrillas in France

NEW YORK (R) - President

Reagan's rating with American

West European tour, according to

an opinion poll published by Time

Forty per cent of 1.010 voters

questioned in a telephone poll said

Mr. Reagan should seek a second

term in 1984. Only 37 per cent

supported another run in a similar

Opposition to a re-election bid

dropped to 41 per cent from 52

BY CHARLES H. GOREN

1982 Tribune Company Syndicale, Inc.

Both vulnerable. North

EAST

+ A Q 1085

OK764

+ 1076

NORTH

♦ KJ93

T A 106

CAQ5

+Q98

SOUTH

◆ Void

♥ KJ9853

per cent in the earlier poll.

poll last March.

deals.

◆7642

0 10983

♥ Q72

+ 42

but said they were waiting to see visit to cover wider issues.

ratings after European trip

voters has improved since his job," the magazine said.

Reagan gets better voter

"I shall be a friendly visitor to

and Madrid.

paper El Pais.

a bid to improve sour ties

after a meeting with Spanish Foreign Minister Jose-Pedro Perez-Llorca that the two countries were still committed to keeping alive the process started in April 1980 aimed at defining the future of

But he said that the Spanish government had asked for a postponement of negotiations which were to have taken place in Sintra, Portugal, on June 25 and 26 because of the highly charged political sensitivity of the issue in

whether this signalled a change to

French diplomats say France

regards the Basque issue as a

Spanish political problem, and Mr. Mitterrand has indicated he is

not prepared to take the blame for

"France could also feel

offended by the way it is treated

(in Spain)." he told Spanish tele-

vision. He told El Pais it was too

easy to say Spain's problems were

France's position that the EEC

should not accept new members

uotil it solves its internal problems

has also angered Spain whose

hopes to join by 1984 are reced-

ing. The Spanish government sees

France as hampering its entry to

protect its southern farmers from

"We perfectly accept the

hypothesis of Spain's presence in

Western Europe and the Common

Market. But economic realities

impose serious discussions," the

partner and the top investor bey-

ond the Pyrenees, and Mr. Mit-

terrand said he wanted his Spanish

"The poll shows he is thought to

"This perception apparently

stems from the exposure he got on

his trip abroad and his overtures to

the Soviet Union about dis-

suggested voters might look

favourably at re-electing any pres-

ident. Sixty four per cent agreed

the country "really needs a

second-term president after all the

turnover we had in the past 20

The magazine said the poll

armament talks."

be doing somewhat better on the

France is Spain's main trading

French president told El Pais.

French policy.

France's fault.

cheap competition.

Spain has demanded that the negotiations should immediately address the problem of sovereignty over Gibraltar, whose inhabitants have always said they want to remain British.

Mr. Pym said: "The British government is very anxious to cootinue the Sintra process, which includes discussion with Spain about the differences between the two couotries."

But he added that when Mr. Perez-Llorca explained to him the Economic Community (EEC) in possibility of vehement public 1984.

talks the way the Madrid government had planned, "I thought it was right to respond."

The two ministers issued a brief communique anoouocing the decision to postpone negotiations but pledging to keep the talking process alive.

Mr. Pym said the dispute over Gibraltar would have unavoidable implications for Spain's application to join the European

Mitterrand's visit to Spain | S. African mercenary tried for treason in Seychelles changes his plea to guilty

check, who is defending himself, first pleaded not guilty to charges of treason, the only offence pun-

Former Scottish solicitorgeneral Nicholas Fairbairn, who is defending the other five accused.

Four of the others, South African Jeremiah Puren, Briton Bernard Carey and Zimbabweans Frank Brooks and Roger England, pleaded guilty while South African Robert Sims pleaded not

All six are also accused of

whether to accept Dolincheck's change of plea. The Seychelles authorities say

party for a mercenary force which landed on a Swaziland flight intending to take over the Indian Ocean republic. Sentencing of those who

pleaded guilty was put off until after the question of Dolincheck's plea has been settled. Defence objections to pre-trial

publicity and argument over whether a foreigner could be tried for treason were thrown out in the opening days of the trial.

Charges against South African-born Susan Ingles, alleged to have been an accomplice, were dropped and she was

VICTORIA, Seychelles (R) — A importing arms, an offence cartreason trial adjourned in control rying a maximum possible 20-year iail term. The trial was adjourned until

all but Pureo formed an advance

U.S. concerned about losing its South Pacific naval facilities

States expressed concern Monday that its warships might be banned from South Pacific ports, Australian Foreign Minister Tony Street said.

Opposition Labour Parties in Australia and New Zealand oppose facilities for U.S. nuclear-armed ships, and several South Pacific island nations have raised the possibility of banning nuclear ships as part of a policy to promote a nuclear-free Pacific

United States raised the issue on ships from Australian ports.

meeting of the Anzus Pact. He said he had received the impression that a ban on U.S.

ships "would make the maintenance of the Anzus treaty as we have known it of the greatest difficulty... it is difficult to see how it could survive."
Earlier U.S. Deputy Secretary

of State Walter Stoessel discussed Party leader Bill Hayden, who has said that if he became prime minister after elections due next year he Mr. Street told reporters the would ban U.S. nuclear-armed

Black nationalists prepare for tougher line against Pretoria

ists in South Africa are preparing to step up their guerrilla action, a nationalist leader was reported

Oliver Tambo, president of the African National Congress (ANC), was quoted as saying in an interview with Zimbabwe's Herald newspaper that sabotage alone would not bring South Africa to its knees.

"We are moving from sabotage acts to attack the enemy face to face," he was quoted as saying. The ANC is one of two main South African nationalist groups.

Friday, has had talks with Prime Minister Robert Mugabe. He has also visited Mozambique. Tanzania. Angola and Botswana to brief the leaders of African "front-line" states on nationalist

Moscow agrees to let hunger striker migrate

MOSCOW (R) - Soviet hunger striker Yuri Balovlenkov said Monday he would end his 42-day fast after being promised by authorities that he would be allowed to join his wife in the United States.

Mr. Balovlenkov, 33, told Western reporters as he left Soviet emigration offices in Moscow: "1 ought to be happy, but I feel awful physically. It hasn't quite hit me

Mr. Balovlenkov is one of six Soviet citizens who as members of the self-styled "divided families" group" launched a collective hunger strike on May 10 to press authorities to allow them to join their spouses in the West.

Three other group members, two women and one man, have also called off their hunger strike after being giveo permissioo to

Mr. Balovlenkov said he would eod his huoger strike by drinking fruit juice and consult his doctor on what other steps to take. One of the others, Andrei

Frolov. 51, left Moscow Sunday for the United States to join his wife in Chicago. Mrs. Tatyana Lozansky has

been given permission to join her former husband in the United States and Mrs. Tatyana Azure has also been told she can join her French husband.

A fifth person, Marija Jurgutienne, eoded her fast earlier this month after being summoned back to her native Lithuania.

A sixth, losif Kiblitsky, who is married to a West German schoolteacher, abandoned his protest on June 16 after emigration authorities told him he would not be allowed to emigrate.

China criticises 'Moonie' policy

PEKING, (R) - China Monday accused the cootroversial religious sect known as the Untification Church or "Moonies" of speading anti-china propaganda and indoctrinating members with fascist

The Communist Party newspaper People's Daily said the recently-founded Washington Times, which has close links with the "Moonies", advocated a "two Chinas" policy, supported the breakaway province of Taiwan and had attacked all recent U.S. administrations for fostering relations with Peking.

The paper also said followers of sect leader Sun Myung Moon were obliged to give all their possessions to the church and leave their families, and that they needed his permission to get mar-

"Many parents have expressed concern with the inhuman exploitation by the Unification Church and its fascist indoctrination and want the authorities to ban its activities," it added.

Mr. Moon is fiercely anti-Communist and has frequently been accused in the West of using his church for financial and political eods.

Peking is extremely sensitive concerning Taiwan, which it regards as part of the mainland, and has launched numerous attacks on the Reagan administration for planning to sell arms to the Nationalist-ruled island.

U.S.-Latin American ties survive Falklands crisis

BUENOS AIRES (R) - The too quick to stress their European United States' support of Britain in the conflict with Argentina over the Falkland (Malvinas) Islands appears to have caused little loog-term damage to its relations with Latin America.

Even Venezuela and Peru, the staunchest supporters of Argentina's bid to regain the bleak South Atlantic islands, have shown no indication of disrupting ties with the United States.

Nicaraguan Foreign Minister Miguel d'Escoto said Washingtoo's support for Britain had lowered its standing among Latin American countries and had even disillusioned rightist groups.

In Caracas diplomatic sources said the strong trade links between Venezuela and the United States would ensure that relations between the two countries would not be greatly harmed.

'European' Argentines

Argentina has signalled that it will give greater priority to its Latin neighbours following the Falklands dispute but this country is still regarded with suspicion by many in the region because of its previous European outlook.

Mexico was one of the most lukewarm supporters of Argentina's claim to sovereignty over the islands and public opinion there was mixed over Argentina's defeat.

One diplomatic source said many Latin Americans considered Argentines to be arrogant and all

rather than the indigeoous heritage of their homeland.

In Lima, Peruvian Prime Minister Manuel Ulloa said the United States would "cease to be a natural ally" after imposing economic and military sanctions on Argentina and siding with Bri-

Peruvian President Fernando Belaunde Terry has stated that Peru will give all possible support to Argentina and try to build up commercial ties between the two conotries.

Brazil has expressed concern over the political future of Argentina, its neighbour to the south. Brazil rad been striving to draw closer to Buenos Aires, but Brazilian-U.S. relations have not been seriously affected by the

Aithough Brazil was put out by Washington's backing for Britain, diplomats and government offi-cials in the Brazilian capital believe the affair will prove oo more than a minor complication in

two-way relations. Chile's relations with Washingtoo have remained unscathed by the conflict, observed in strict nentrality by Santiago. Chile has its own territorial dispute with Argentina over three small islands

off the tip of South America. No government official in Colombia has publicly condemned the U.S. aupport of Britain but Colombia has officed to help Argentina's economic recuperation following the conflict.

Canberra ends hazardous role in Falklands campaign In the six weeks after it sailed

By Leslie Dowd

ABOARD CANBERRA, Port Stanley (R) - When the 45,000ton Canberra returns to Southampton, England, at the end of Britain's arduous Falklands campaign, it will have covered 46,500 kilometres, according to its crew,

The requisitioned liner will undergo a major refurbishing and could be ready for pleasure cruising again as early as mid-August, said its P and O line captain, Dennis Scott-Masson.

Plans are already being laid to record the Canberra's role in the

Captain Scott-Masson, a 52year-old royal naval reserve officer, hopes to rename one of Canberra's bars the San Carlos bar, after the bay in East Falkland where British forces landed on

In it he hopes to install the blue ensign flag Canberra flew during the battle that day, when Can-berra survived 10 attacks by Argentine Mirage and Skyhawk

"After her refurbishment 1 believe the ship will be as good and probably better as a cruise liner," the captain said.

"Structurally she's suffered oo damage whatever. She performed superbly, and we didn't have a single mechanical breakdown.

Prime target

"There were times, I confess, wheo I wondered if Canberra was a good place to be," the veteran liner captain said. "But it was a great privilege to be in command of her, and I can't speak too highly of the crew."

from Southampton on April 9 until the May 21 landings the prime target of the war was not the flagship Hermes or the carrier Invincible, but Canberra. Only its loss, with the 2,500

commandos and paratroopers it was carrying, would have inevitably forced Britain to postpone or cancel its battle plans. No ship is more closely iden-

tified, phase by phase, with the 10-week conflict. Canberra was the first major

vessel into Port Stanley after the Falklands capital fell to British It ferried some of the first pris-

oners bome to Argentina. Several of them went down the gangplank at Puerto Madryn clutching P and O cruise brochures Canberra was also what the navy described as a hospital facil-

ity. Doctors and nurses aboard treated dozens of British and Argentine wounded. The liner sailed under naval

direction but never ceased to be a merchant vessel. Payment for its services will be negotiated between its owners and the ministry of defence.

On the six-week voyage to the South Atlantic, its decks and lounges proved ideal for training and fitness, and it is doubtful if troops have ever assaulted a beach fitter, better fed or more rested. The ail-volunteer 345 crew and

77 ship's officers will probably set a new record for being at sea in a British merchantman this century without setting foot oo land.

Their financial reward will be war risk bonuses amounting, before tax, to 150 per cent of their

Uruguay confident of a return to democracy by 1984

By Robert Powell

MONTEVIDEO - Uruguay's political leaders are confident that the country's planned return to democracy in 1984 will go ahead, whatever the coosequences of the Falklands conflict in neighbouring Argentina. Both countries are presently

ruled by right-wing military governments and traditionally Uruguay bas been strongly influenced by its larger southern neighbour. Several politicians told Reuters that the situation in Uruguav

tries were not consistent," said

Col. Nestor Bolentini, a former

Uruguayan interior minister and

supporter of the ruling military

Julio Mario Sanguinetti, an

opposition leader of the Colorado

Party, said: "All that is negative in

Argeotina could influence what

happens here, but do not over-

estimate its effect. In the past

there have been dictatorships in

Argentina without there being so

government.

would be made more difficult if Argentine President Leopoldo Galtieri were overthrown and finesse were only 52-48. replaced by a leader who might Declarer's trump finesse suspend the country's cautious steps towards democracy. Problems would arise if the internal policies of the two coun-

in Uruguay."

Uruguay is a small agricultural country and its three million population enjoys one of the highest living standards in Latin America, Few people are very rich, and income is relatively well dis-Until the military took power in

1973, Uruguay was a baveo of stable democracy in the turbulent continent. Politicians largely blame the

collapse of elected government on its failure to overcome the country's severe economic problems. These began with the collapse of world prices for Uruguay's main export commodities -- meat, hides and wool - in the mid-1950s. Since then Uruguay has suf-

fered from economic stagnation, despite some success in diversifying exports. The political situation was aggravated by the appearance of the Tupamaros leftist urban guer-

rilla movement in 1968. The government gave the armed forces wide powers to crush subversion and the military seized power completely five years later. The military administration drew up a proposed constitution providing for a return to elected

government under armed forces

supervision. It was put to a plebis-

cite in 1980 and rejected by a

two-thirds majority.

The armed forces susbequently

devised their present plan for democracy, which provides for a number of noo-leftist parties to be leagalised later this year and presidential and parliamentary elec-tions to be held in Nov. 1984. Argentina's military gov-

emmeot also plans to legalise political parties this year, but has not set a target date for elections. Uruguay's return to democracy faces major problems apart from any destabilising factors raised by

NEWS ANALYSIS

the Falklands conflict.

Both the country's two main political parties are wracked by deen internal divisions which 1971, and returned to Uruguay could prevent either from forming earlier this month after 10 years a united government. In addition abroad as a diplomat. the political parties statute Mr. Pacheco Areco was greeted remains uncertain.

Traditionally Uruguayan politics have been dominated by the Blanco (white) and Colorado (Red) parties, which sprang from rival factions in a civil war shortly after Uruguay's independence from Spain in the early 19th cen-

dencies, making them difficult to define in terms of left or right

The Colorados and Blancos were both deeply split over whether to vote for or against the proposed constitution in the 1980 plebiscite and these divisions remain. The parties are also internally

divided over whether or not to continue the military government's liberal economic policies or return to a more protectionist economy.

Feuds between rival leaders have led the different factions to behave almost like separate par-

Political analysts say the Colorado Party may rally round Jorge Pacheco Areco, who ruled as strongman president from 1967 to

by a large crowd of supporters on arrival and has begun making discreet political contacts. Opposition leaders fear the

military government may be planning an official party to perpetuate armed forces cootrol.

Col. Bolentini told Reuters that if the two main parties failed to Both are broad coalitions com- present coherent programmes to prising a wide variety of teo- the electorate, supporters of the

military government would consider forming a "third force" to advocate the continuation of present policies.

The political parties statute only gives immediate recognition to the Colorados; Blancos and one other small right-wing party, although other parties will subsequently be able to apply for legal recognition after a lengthy and complicated process.

The armed forces are unwilling to allow legalisation of the Marxist eft. "The only thing we ban in Uruguay are extremisms of both right and left," said Col. Bolentini, who is a member of the council of state, one of the military govemment's nominated legislative

The Communist, Socialist and Christian Democrat parties, formed a coalition that won 17 per cent of the vote in the last elections, held in 1971.

Today only the Christian Democrat Party enjoys a limited degree of official toleration. Its supporters publish a weekly magazine that the government closes down from time to time.

Despite their exclusion from the political parties statute the Christian Democrats remain optimistic that Uruguzy's progress towards democracy will succeed.

MIDDLE **EAST NEWS** BRIEFS

Kaddoumi discusses Lebanon with Tunisian president

TUNIS (R) - Tunisia's President Habib Bourguiba Monday discussed the latest developments in Lebanon with Farouk Kaddoumi bead of the political department of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO), the Tunisian news agency reported. Mr. Kaddoumi Sunday night met Arab League Secretary-General Chedli Klibi, who reaffirmed the support of all Arab states for the Palestinian cause, the agency said.

Syrian envoy visits Kuwait

KUWAIT (R) — Syrian Minister of State for Foreign Affairs Farouq Al Sbare visited Kuwait Monday on a brief visit to discuss the altermath of Israel's invasion of Lebanon. Kuwait, Lebanon and Libya bave all called for an Arab League meeting to deal with the invasion, but the idea has not won universal Arab support. Saudi Arabia said Sunday after a visit to the kingdom by Syrian Foreign Minister Abdul-Halim Khaddam that it favoured joint action within the framework of the 22-member Arab League. The Syrian minister later arrived in Bahrain on a similar mission, and the official Gulf News Agency said he would visit other countries in the region.

Tehran reportedly holding widow of former Kurdish chief:

PARIS (R) - Mina Ghazi, widow of the founder of the autonomous republic of Kurdistan, Ghazi Mohammad, has been held incaptivity by the Iranian authorities, since January, her son Ali said Monday. Mrs. Ghazi, who is 75 and in ill health, has had no contact with her family since February and they now have no knowledge of ber whereabouts, her son said in a statement handed to Reuters. Ghazi Mohammad founded the Soviet-backed republic of Kurdistan in the northwestern Iranian town of Mahabad after the World War II. His short-lived republic ended after the withdrawal of Russian troops from northern

Morocco frees 17 radical trade union members

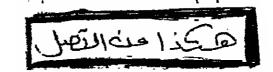
Iran. He was later executed.

RABAT (R) — Seventeen members of a radical Moroccan trade union bave been released after serving a year in prison for inciting street demonstrations, a spokes man for the union said Monday. They were convicted after a general strike called by the union, the Confederation Democratique du Travail (CDT), degenerated into bloody violence in Casablanca it June last year. Independent sources have said some 200 were killed in the rioting but the gov eroment has put the figure at 66 Four leaders of the CDT, including Secretary-General Noubir A Amaoui, are still awaiting trial or charges of inciting the Casablance

Arab, African students stage protests in Shanghai

PEKING (R) — Some 40 Africar

and Arab students staged a peace. ful demonstration in Shanghai las Saturday against the Israeli invasion of Lebanon, student sources said Monday. Heavily out numbered by several hundred Chinese police, the students marched from a city centre hote to the American Consulate to protest against United States support for Israel, which has no diplomatic relations with China. The sources contacted by telephone in China's biggest city, said the police cordoned off the consulate to preven the students from getting too near Like a similar, larger demonstration organised by foreign students in Peking on June 15, m Chinese students took part despits China's strong anti-Israel stand and its support of the Palestin Liberation Organisation (PLO)



⊕ **J**2 **4 AKJ53** The bidding: North East South West INT Pass 3 T Pass 9 9 4 V Pass Pass Pass Opening lead: Ten of . percentage line. ported. South scorned the niceties of a acientific auction to bid what he thought he could make. While six bearts is by no means a laydown, the

Probabilities are just that — the best way to play a particular combination, or combined holding, in a vacuum. Sometimes there are reasons why you should not take the Once his bearts were sup-

pleaty of chances. West led the ten nf diamonds. Mathematically, the best line to take is the diamned finesse and, if that loses, to bang out the A-K of trumps in the hope of felling the queen. That nffers an almost four to-one chance of

contract certainly offered

GOREN BRIDGE succesa. But declarer had played against these particular apponents many times before and knew that West would be reluctant to lead away from a king agaiost a slam cootract, especially after a blind auctinn. Therefore, he elected to adopt another line which. though inferior in thenry, nf-

fered the best practical chance of landing the cno-Declarer rose with dummy's ace of diamonds and dropped the jack from his hand. He led a trump to the king and continued with a trump, inserting the ten from dummy when West followed

succeeded, it was all over. There are those whn might suggest that declarer's line was based on a peek at West's cards. They would be wrong - declarer had a sound

with a low trump. Wheo that

reason for bis strange line. Once be assumed that East bad the king of dizmoods, there was no point to taking the finesse. And in the heart auit, the odds in favor of dropping the queen over a

stood tn gain even if East held hoth the king of diamonds and queen of hearts, because there was no guarantee that East would defeat the contract by eashing the king of diamonds after winning the trump queen. If he made any ntber return, declarer whuld still make his slam by discarding dummy's diamonds nn the long clubs, and then ruffing a diamond with dummy's last

fusion Monday as one of aix mercenaries charged for their alleged Tuesday while the court decides part in an abortive raid here last November sought to change his plea to guilty. South African Martin Dolin-

ishable by death here.

later told Chief Justice Earle Seatoo that Dolincheck had changed his plea to guilty. Dolincheck coofirmed this to the court.

guilty to treasoo.

CANBERRA (R) - The United the first day of a two-day council

HARARE (R) - Black oational-

Monday as saying.

Mr. Tambo, who arrived on